



**Health eWords**  
PTY LTD

Solution to SNOMED CT Implementation  
in Clinical Systems

**IHTSDO Conference Oct 2011**

# WHAT WE'LL DISCUSS:

- ① **1. *Setting the Scene***
- ② 2. The Pilot and How it Works
- ③ 3. Results
- ④ 4. Conclusions

# THE CHALLENGE IN THE ED:

- SNOMED CT coding of specific ED data elements is required for national initiatives such as the PCEHR
- ICD codes are required for emergency service reporting
- ICD codes are required to support morbidity reporting for admitted patients

# A KEY QUESTION:

- ⦿ **Could we achieve ICD and SNOMED code capture accurately without interrupting the clinician workflow with time-consuming pick lists?**

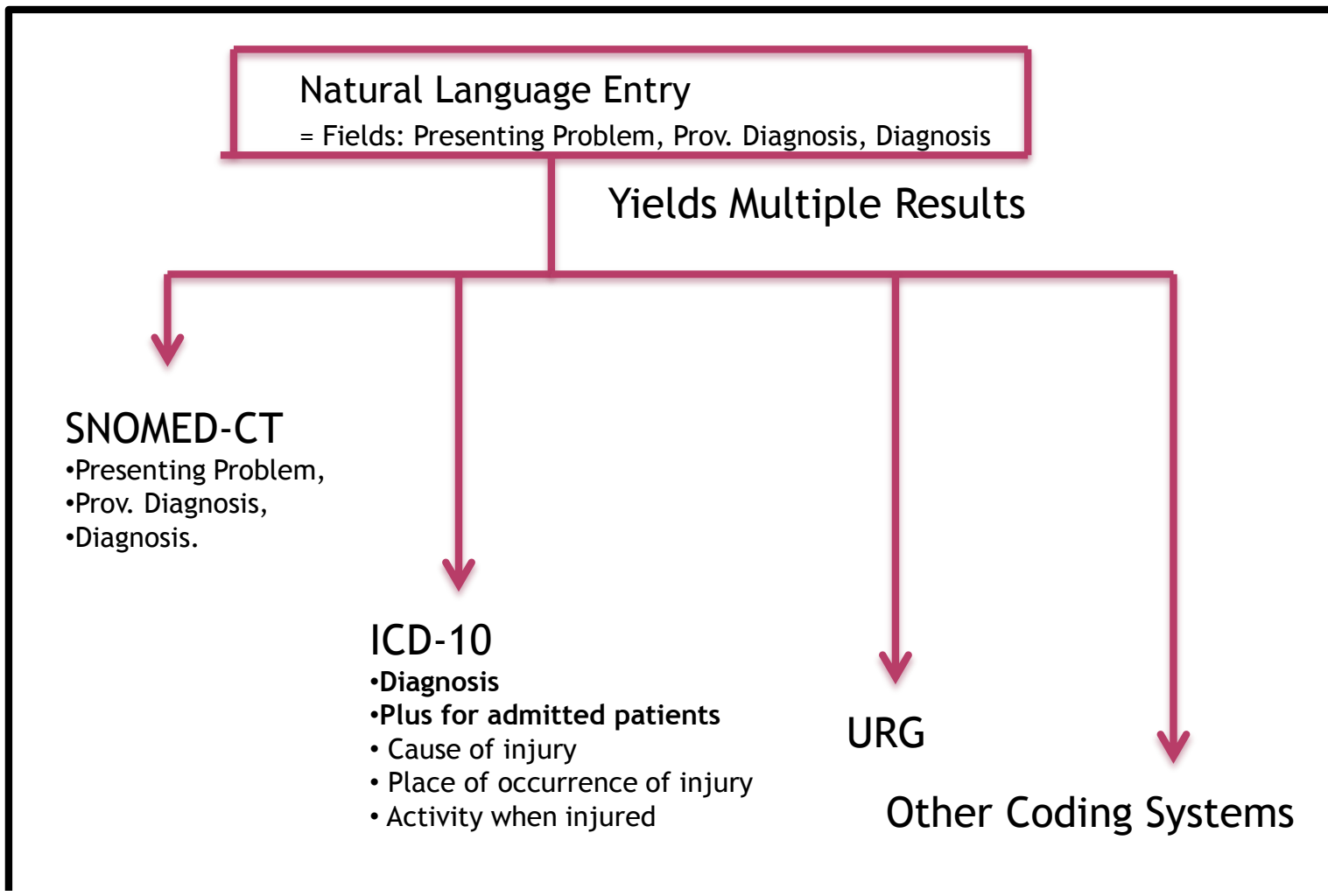
# IMPORTANTLY...

- ⦿ **Could clinicians enter data in the way that is meaningful to them and maintains clinical communication quality?**

# AND...

- ⦿ **Could we achieve meaningful clinical input plus coding with a single natural language input?**

# LIKE THIS:



# YES WE CAN!

- Such a system is presently in pilot at a major Victorian hospital



# WHAT WE'LL DISCUSS:

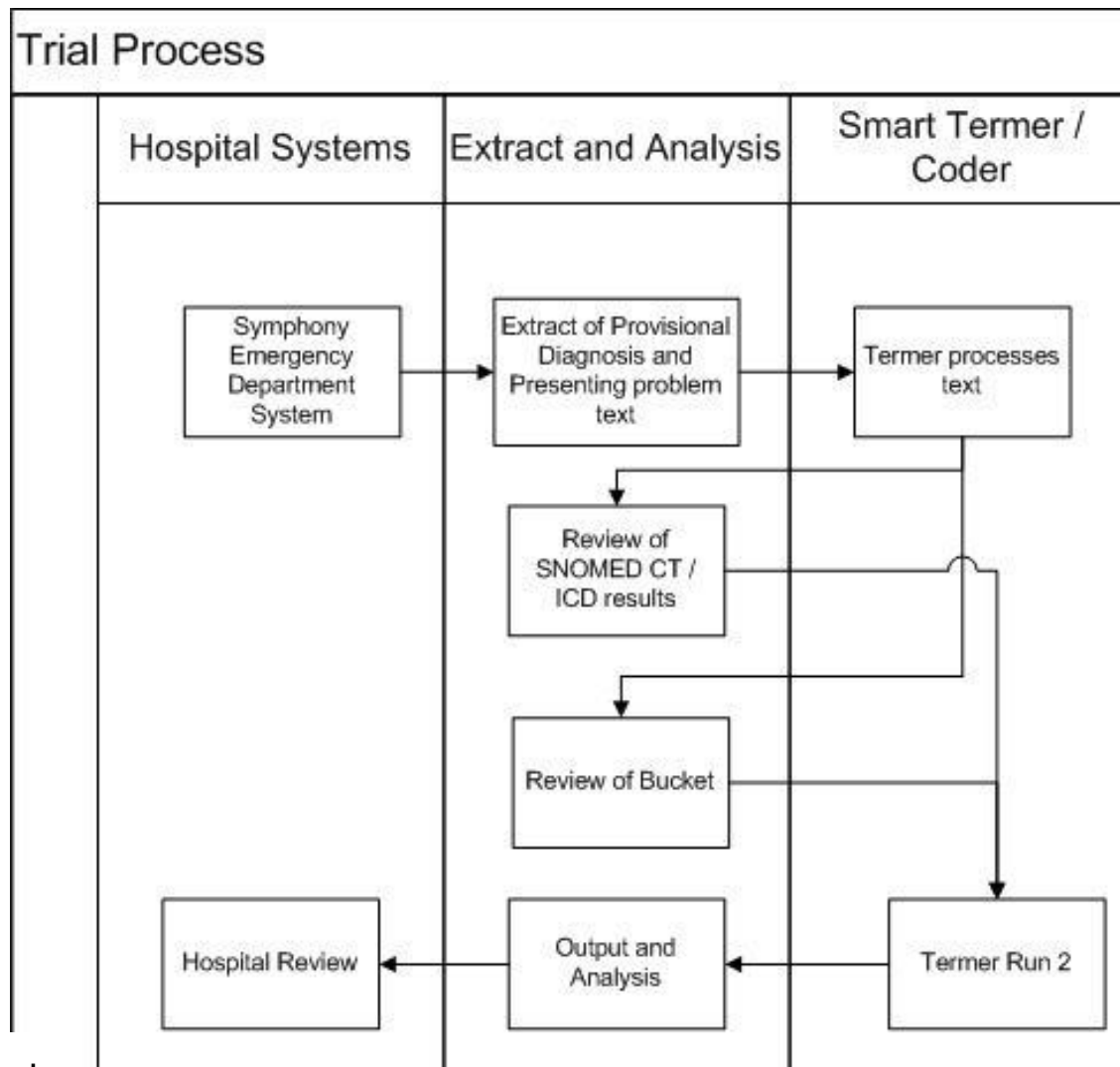
- ① 1. Setting the Scene
- ② 2. *The Pilot and How it Works*
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# THE PILOT:

## ○ Objectives:

- To confirm and quantify the clinical and financial benefits:
  - Faster coding using fewer resources
  - Less clinical intrusion
  - Increased accuracy and specificity
- Refine processes relating to:
  - Documentation
  - Coding
  - Terminology
- Create live system implementation approach

# THE TRIAL PROCESS



# ENTRIES MAY BE

- Simple
  - Multiple concept
  - Complex
- 
- Trial entries are largely multiple concept and complex - i.e. multiple sentences.

# EXAMPLE - CLINICIAN RECORDING DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION

- Diagnosis (text entered):

fell down stairs at home and # nof

System returns to specified fields in host product:

SNOMED CT concepts for the diagnosis: # NOF

ICD concepts for the diagnosis reporting field

ICD concepts for the cause of injury field

ICD concepts for place of occurrence

ICD concepts for activity

# DEMONSTRATION OF TERM ENTRY

- Response shown is for demonstration, user interface is dependent upon the host but can be provided by Health eWords

fell down stairs at home and # nof

Interpret

▼

Age

Sex:

Words 8,8,8

Semantics 1

Concept List 7/2

New Concepts 2,2,0,0

Report

TestBatch

Smart Tables

Translations 2

Multi - Age S

Context:

Text: fell down stairs at home and # nof

40

- SNOMED-CT disorder: 5913000 - Fracture of neck of femur (disorder)
- SNOMED-CT cause: 414188008 - Fall down stairs (event)
- SNOMED-CT child: 264362003 - Home (environment)
- ICD 10 AM cause: W109 - Fall on and from other and unspecified stairs and steps  
Y920 - Home
- ICD 10 AM activity: U739 - Unspecified activity
- ICD 10 AM injury: S7200 - Fracture of neck of femur

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# THE RESULTS TO DATE ICD:

Date of run	No. of entries with Provisional Diagnosis	Number coded first run	% coded	Number coded second run	% coded 2 <sup>nd</sup> run	Number unable to be coded	% of codeable cases coded 2 <sup>nd</sup> run
14 August	648	634	97.8	642	99.2	6	100.0
21 August	699	652	93.3	681	98.0	12	99.7
28 August	722	596	82.6	710	98.3	11	99.9
4 <sup>th</sup> Sept	729	610	83.7	714	97.9	12	99.6

# THE RESULTS TO DATE SNOMED CT:

Date of run	No. of entries with Provisional Diagnosis	Number coded first run	% coded	Number coded second run	% coded 2 <sup>nd</sup> run	Number unable to be coded	% of codeable cases coded 2 <sup>nd</sup> run
14-Aug	648	601	92.7	641	98.9	6	99.8
21-Aug	699	651	93.1	681	97.4	14	99.4
28-Aug	722	682	94.5	710	98.3	11	99.9
4 <sup>th</sup> Sept	729	694	95.2	714	97.9	12	99.6

# RESULT COMMENTS

- No clinical process change
  - Clinical documentation errors or imprecision is responsible for approximately 80% of the items not coded in run 1.
  - Clinical practice records many elements which are unnecessary in an electronic record - i.e. they are already present in the record e.g.:
    - “82 yo male presents to see Dr Williams” This is not a diagnostic statement.
    - ACS - used to mean Acute Coronary Syndrome AND Altered Conscious State
- With feedback to clinicians and minor modifications to current recording it is estimated that the initial run would result in a much higher accuracy.

# SPELLING AND CONTEXT TERMS

- All 'new' words are collected and analysed
- Currently 45 'words' meaning diarrhoea
  
- Context: Speciality influences meaning
- e.g.: The abbreviation DD

Example:

- Musculoskeletal = Disc Degeneration
- Gastrointestinal = Diverticular Disease

# SNOMED CT RESULT

## ⦿ Negation

- Diagnosis fields don't record non conditions
- These are identified in the software process but codes not applied (ensuring term is not provided)

```
-----  
Text:                bee sting - no signs of allergy or anaphylaxis, no cellulitis
```

```
SNOMED-CT disorder:  262552005    - Bee sting without reaction (disorder)
```

```
ICD 10 AM cause:     X2330        - Contact with unspecified bees
```

```
ICD 10 AM location:  Y929        - Unspecified place of occurrence
```

```
ICD 10 AM activity:  U739        - Unspecified activity
```

```
ICD 10 AM injury:    T634        - Venom of other arthropods
```

# RESULT ANALYSIS (OF CODEABLE ENTRIES)

## ○ Multiple results

- 1 result 52.5% (n331)
- 2 results 19.4% (n232)
- 3 results 2.5% (n16)
- 4 or more results 8.1% (n51)

## ○ Post-coordination e.g. Suspected, left, right.

- 25% (n 158)

# RELATIONSHIP TO REFERENCE SETS

- National emergency reference set
- 9.5% of terms represent concepts not in the national reference set
- 1.3 % represent causes not diagnoses

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# Health eWords Smart*Coder* Smart*Termer*

## IN SUMMARY:

- ◉ Simple data entry
- ◉ Single entry - multiple results
  - Diagnostic, Cause of Injury and other information is able to be coded.
- ◉ Learns the words you use
  - new words (misspellings etc) found and added each week. This has decreased by 34% over the initial 4 weeks of the trial.
- ◉ With or without user intervention
  - Currently no user intervention, clinical review and training would improve the results - limited changes needed.
- ◉ SNOMED CT and ICD-10-AM
  - Returns ICD - diagnosis, cause, injury activity, injury location
  - Returns SNOMED-CT disorder - when able to be coded. Approx: 11% of the text provided is not represented in the current national emergency term set.

# THIS MAKES HOST SOFTWARE MORE ATTRACTIVE:

- Clinicians enter data in the way that is meaningful to them and clinical communication quality is maintained.
- Code requirements for national initiatives such as the PCEHR to use SNOMED CT can be met with minimum functional changes to the host software product or clinical practice
- ICD codes required for emergency service reporting can be produced from the single process
- ICD codes required to support morbidity reporting for those patients who are admitted can be provided for clinical coder audit (reducing coding time)

# QUESTIONS?

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