electronic patient records in sri lanka



hospital health information management system

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subjects covered

- overview of **health care** in sri lanka
- early attempts at ePR
- initiatives from the private sector
- problems faced by the red cross
- how did snomed solve them
- issues remaining in snomed ct

health care in sri lanka

- state health care for 60%
- 230 state hospitals with beds
- out-patients ++
- private curative services for 40%
- 45 private hospitals with beds
- family practitioners ++

early attempts at ePR

- in south asia **ePR** is in its infancy
- even manual record-keeping is rudimentary
- WHO advocates for improved records
- 2003 several **MOH initiatives** started
- 2005 WHO uses tsunami mandate to install ePR systems
- none of these systems had long-term success

early attempts at ePR



2003 MOH: polonnaruwa, kurunegala, anuradhapura **2005 WHO:** karapitiya, matara, ampara, trincomalee, batticaloa

why early systems failed

databases too complex

• resistance from clinical staff

• infrastructural and environmental problems

private sector initiatives

- austrian / swiss / norwegian red cross proprietary software
 - currently 26 hospitals running
- sri lanka government (ICTA) open-source software
 - 5 hospitals running, 6 more in planning

recent developments

2006-9: austrian / swiss / norwegian red cross (27 hospitals in east)

ICTA: 5 pilot hospitals in sabaragamuwa province



problem faced by red cross

- clinical staff refused to use ICD to code diagnoses
- health ministry insisted on ICD for statistics
- free-text input not a viable alternative

ICD 10 daggers and asterisks

CERTAIN INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES

A18.2 Tuberculous peripheral lymphadenopathy

Tuberculous adenitis

Excludes: tuberculosis of lymph nodes:

- intrathoracic (A15.4, A16.3)
- mesenteric and retroperitoneal (A18.3)

tuberculous tracheobronchial adenopathy (A15.4,

A16.3)

A18.3 Tuberculosis of intestines, peritoneum and mesenteric glands

Tuberculosis (of):

- anus and rectum[†] (K93.0*)
- intestine (large)(small)† (K93.0*)
- retroperitoneal (lymph nodes)

Tuberculous:

- ascites
- enteritis† (K93.0*)
- peritonitis† (K67.3*)

A18.4 Tuberculosis of skin and subcutaneous tissue

Erythema induratum, tuberculous

Lupus:

- exedens
- vulgaris:
 - NOS
 - of eyelid† (H03.1*)

daggers and asterisks explained

Why are some diagnoses coded with two codes (dagger and asterisk system)?

ICD-9 introduced a system, continued in ICD-10, whereby there are two codes for diagnostic statements containing information about both an underlying generalized disease and a manifestation in a particular organ or site which is a clinical problem in its own right.

E.g. in rubella encephalitis, rubella is the underlying generalized disease and encephalitis is the manifestation of this disease in the brain. The underlying disease is coded with B06.0+ (rubella with neurological complications) and G05.1* (encephalitis, myelitis and encephalomyelitis in viral diseases classified elsewhere). If dual coding is not used, the dagger code is given preference and rubella encephalitis is coded with B06.0. The use of the dagger does not make sense in this case.

There is an important change in the dagger and asterisk system from ICD-9 to ICD-10. In ICD-9 only codes that were marked with a dagger in the Tabular List could be used as dagger codes. However, in ICD-10 all codes without an asterisk can become dagger codes if dual coding makes sense. This can easily be seen from "glaucoma in aniridia" for which the Alphabetical Index provides following codes: Q13.1+ H42.8*. Q13.1 carries no dagger in the Tabular List. On the other hand it is not possible to add an asterisk to codes which do not carry an asterisk in the Tabular List.

how did snomed solve it

- concept groups allowed appropriate terms to be selected event, findings, disorder, procedure
- synonyms user-friendly for staff whose mothertongue was not english
- cross mapping to ICD 10 codes satisfied official requirements

snomed – a work in progress

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Findings:
138108008 (Accommodation dependency [& housing]) or (housing dependency scale)
138117008 (Living in hostel) or (in sheltered accommodation)
138172005 (Home problems) or (unhappy childhood)
138231003 (Business: [worries] or [ceased: [financial] or [personal] or (partnership problems) or (work worries)
138232005 (Medical problems at work) or (excess sick leave)
147156003 (Apgar at 10 minutes = 1) or (bonding problems)
152302000 (Patient registration - ghosts) or (moved away)
158127006 [D]Hallucinations
160494003 (Separated (& [from cohabitee]) or (left home: [husband] or [wife] or [cohabitee]))
160694007 (Transport problems) or (no car)
160794002 ((Marital: [conflict] or [disharmony]) (& [row with wife]))
160795001 (Spouse: [unsympathetic] or [inattentive]) or (maladjustment to married life)
160796000 (Marital reconciliation) or (cohabitee returned) or (spouse returnedhome)
160834007 (Domestic: [stress] or [problems] or [unsettled]) or (tower block syndrome) or (wife unable to cope)
160844009 (Ran away) or (eloped)
160950003 (Relative - mental handicap) or ([Downs] or [Mongol] child in family)
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conclusions

- individual patient care
- care of populations epidemiology
- cost effectiveness

simplicity



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portable/mobile solutions



iPhone access

out patient registration



new patients are first registered before seeing the doctor

paperless registration desk



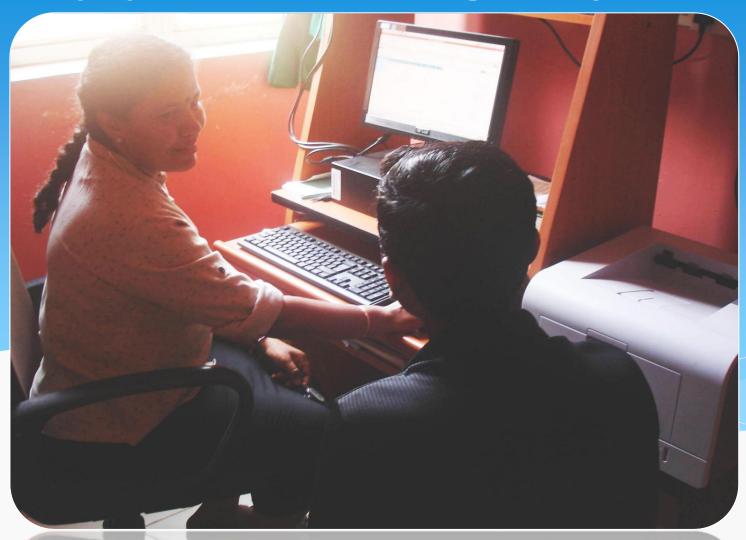
registering a patient

admission desk



nurse admits the registered patient

paperless OPD – large hospital



some doctors' tables are paperless

paperless dispensaries



some dispensaries are also paperless

paperless OPD - small hospitals



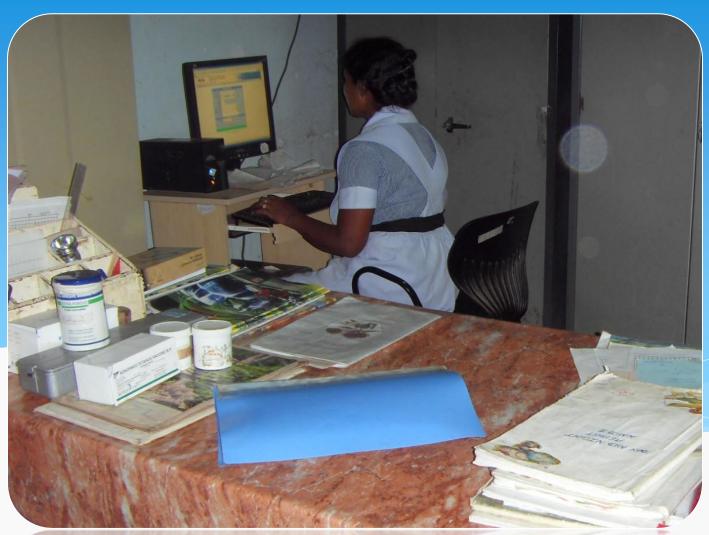
smaller hospitals benefit from improved documentation

paperless wards



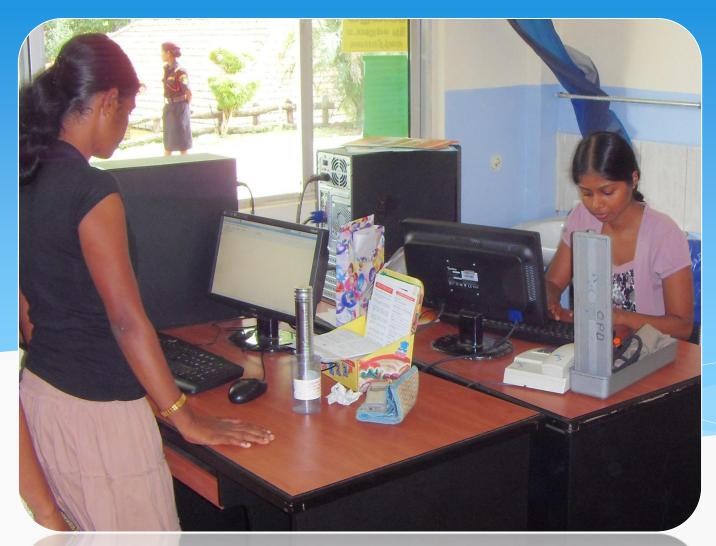
some wards are also paperless

paperless wards



smaller hospitals benefit from improved documentation

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new patients are first registered before seeing the doctor









manual records



before ePR

thank you



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lunar technologies

sri lanka