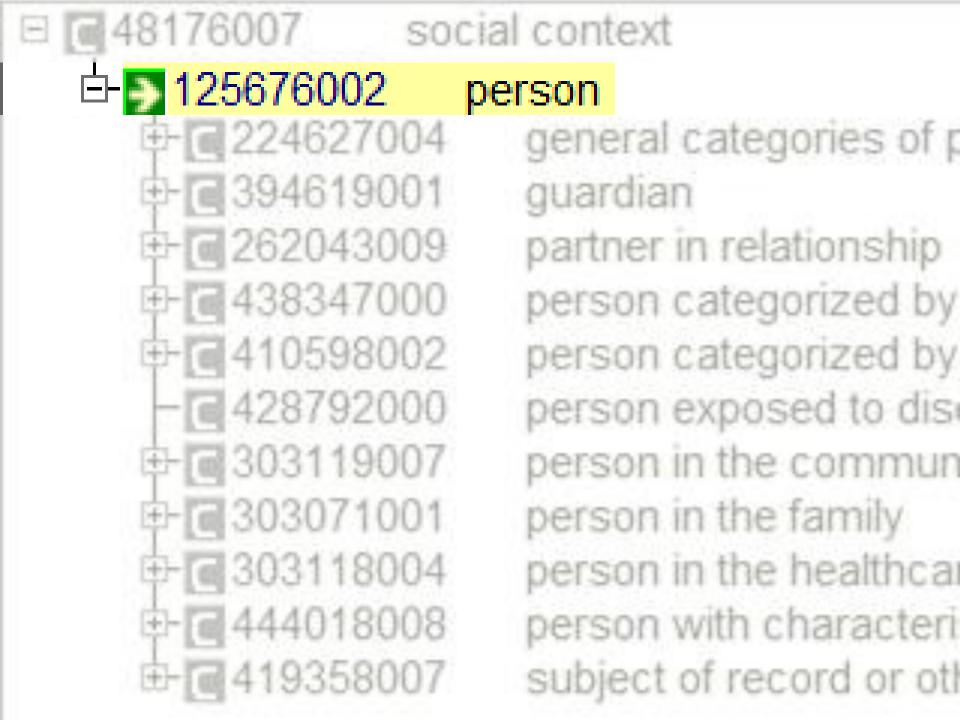
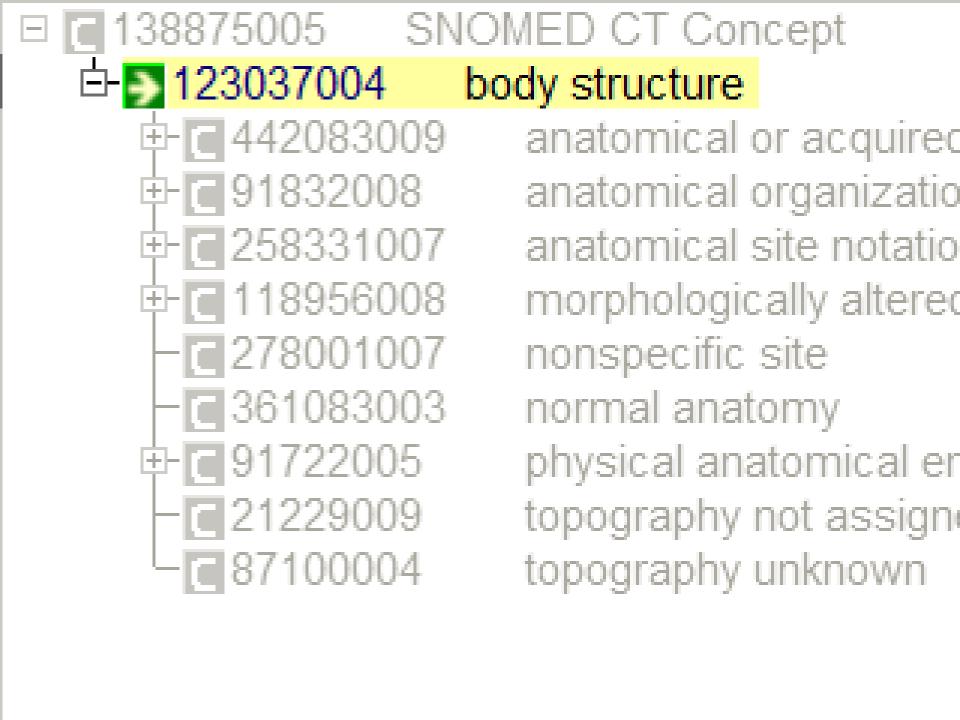
Concept Status: current

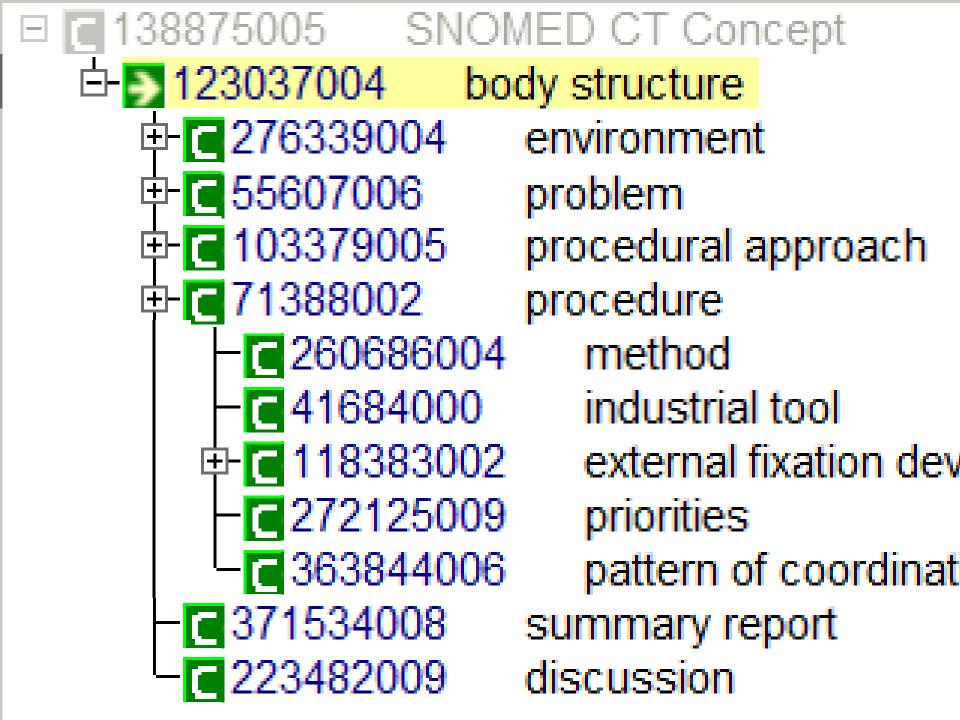
- □ Descriptions
 - Ė-Lang: en-US
 - -**1**517382016 mapping
 - 220309016 local terminology
 - 3220308012 to SNOMED-CT
 - 2957222010 for eHR
 - **2959952016** in Hong Kong
- □ Codes

SNOMED CT Implementation Showcase October 2013

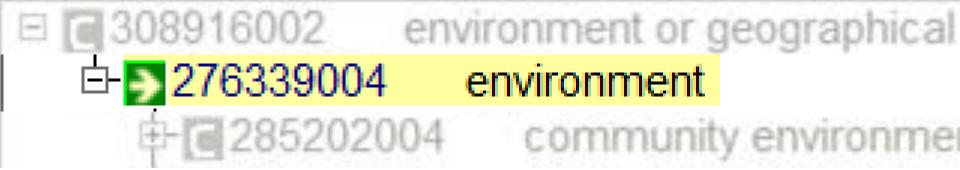


48176007 social context 125676002 person ⊕-1224627004 general categories of p Concept Status: current □ Descriptions ☐ 2466056014 Edward Tam (person) ☐ 2472258016 Edward Tam □ Definition: Primitive □-116680003 is a Land 34009011 Health Informatics Analyst □ 383541016 eHR Information Standards Office □ Codes Mail: edwardtam@ha.org.hk Phone: +852 3919 2205





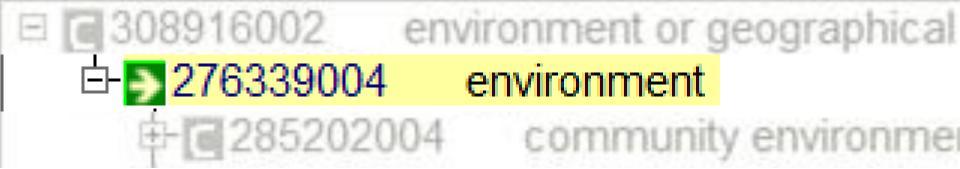




electronic Health Record (eHR) sharing system

- project by Hong Kong SAR government
- territory-wide health record sharing platform
- both public & private health care providers
- live-run expected at end of 2014

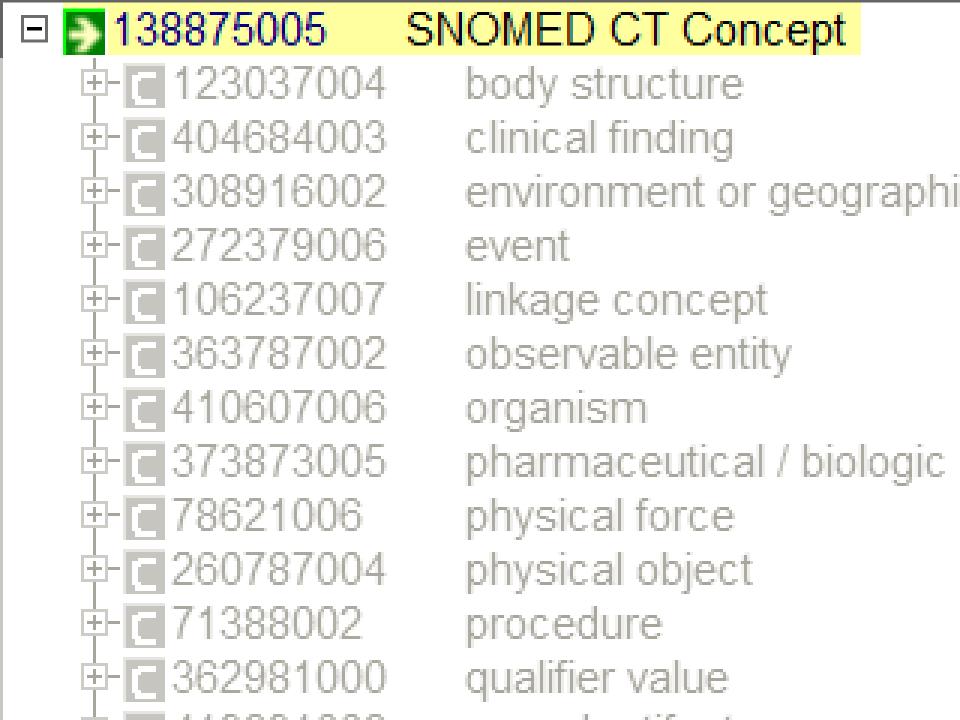
need an information standard for data consistency

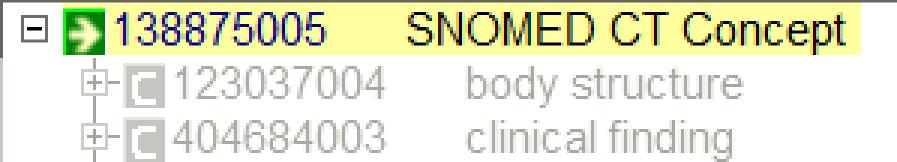


Hong Kong Clinical Terminology Table (HKCTT)

- information standard for eHR sharing system
- based on Hospital Authority Clinical Vocabulary (HACVT)
- accumulated 39700 diagnosis & procedure concepts

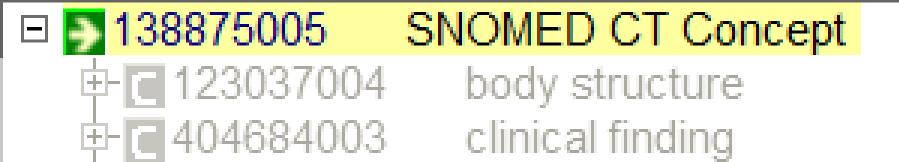
– how to link with SNOMED-CT for interoperability?





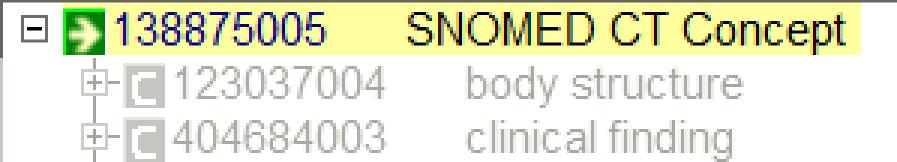
ideal for eHR use:

- comprehensive collection of concepts
- varied levels of granularity



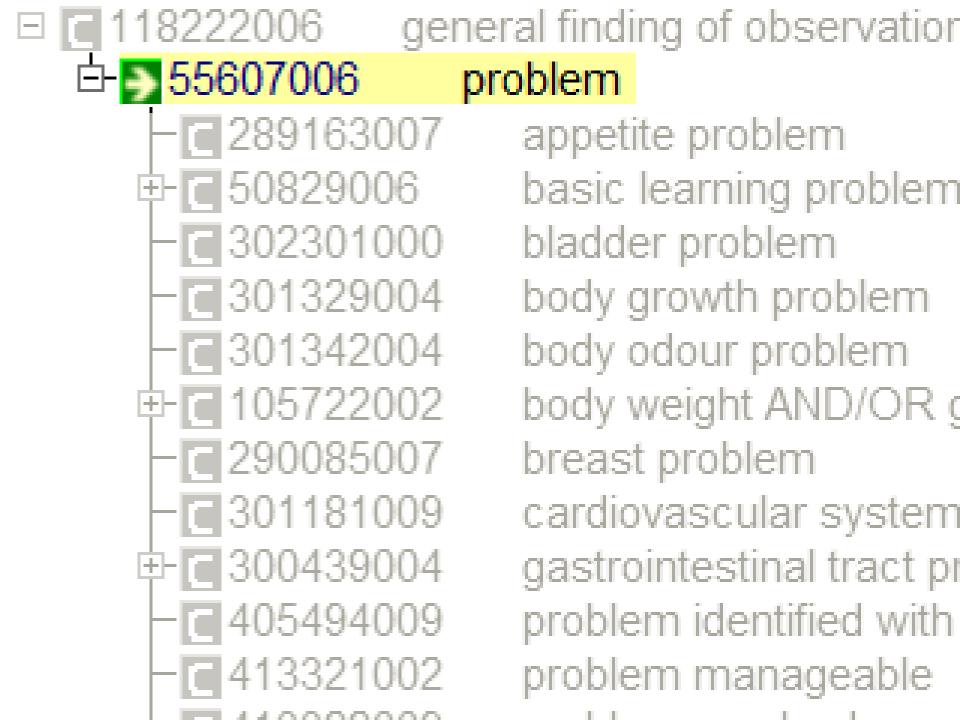
efficient concept searching during info capture

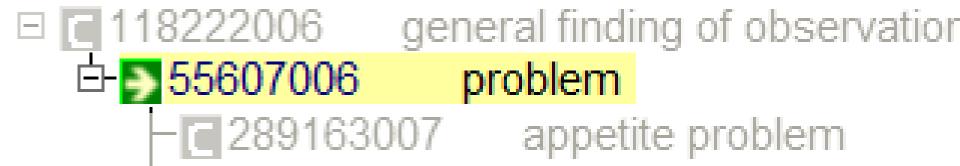
- synonyms
- multi-hierarchy relationships
- definition with attributes



easy customisation

- post-coordination
- easy extension of terminology, while
- preserving semantic hierarchy
- good for information retrieval and data analysis

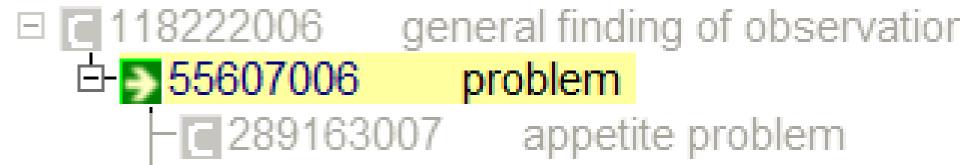




HACVT → HKCTT

- during the last two decades, accumulated:
 - 55M diagnosis entries
 - 20M procedure entries

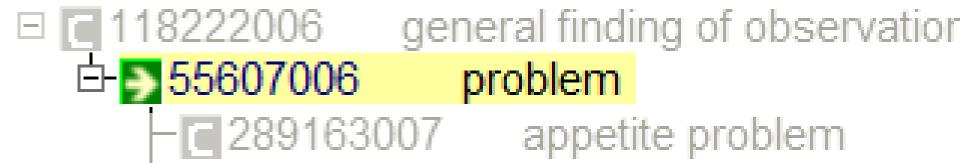
to ensure backward compatibility



• → SNOMED CT

 to enable use of SNOMED-CT by health care providers for capturing clinical records and transmitting to eHR

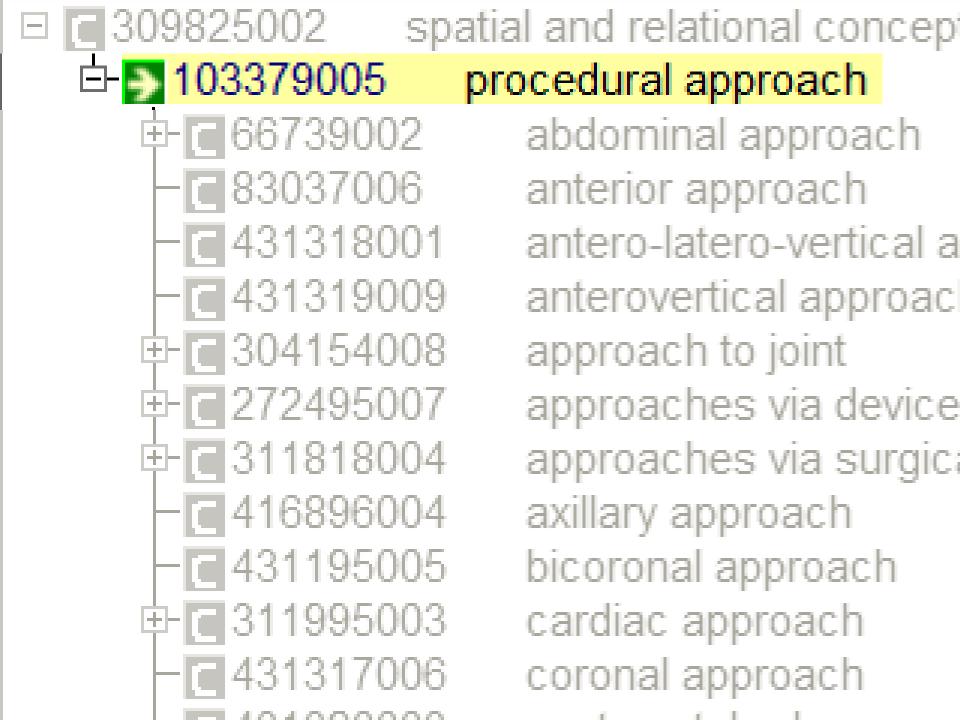
to enable use of SNOMED-CT for analysis of eHR records

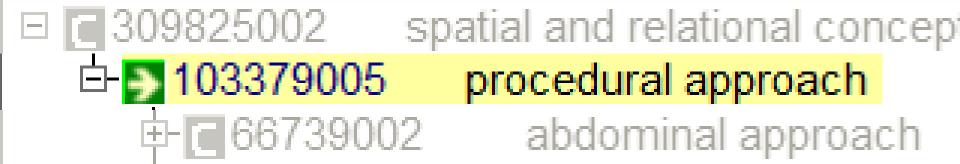


HKCTT vs SNOMED CT

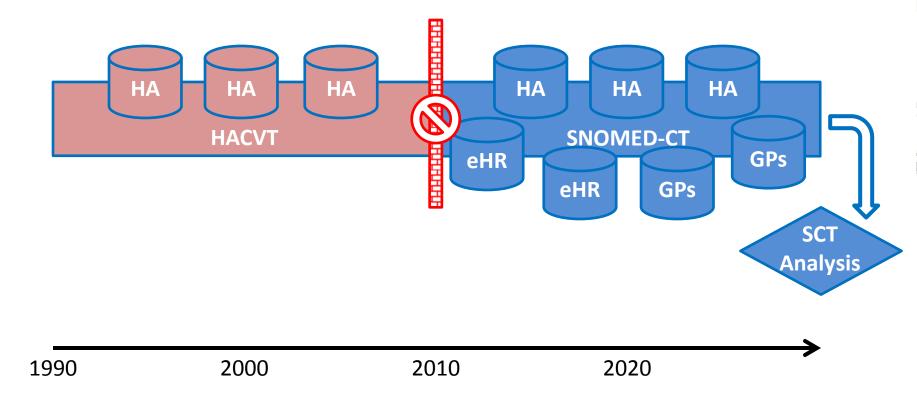
– direct implementation of SNOMED-CT?

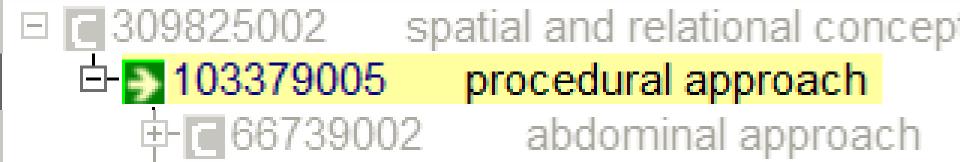
– mapping HKCTT to SNOMED-CT?





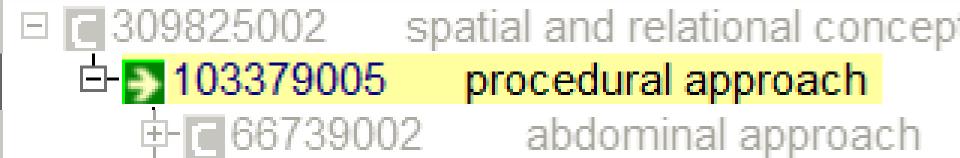
directly implement SNOMED-CT :

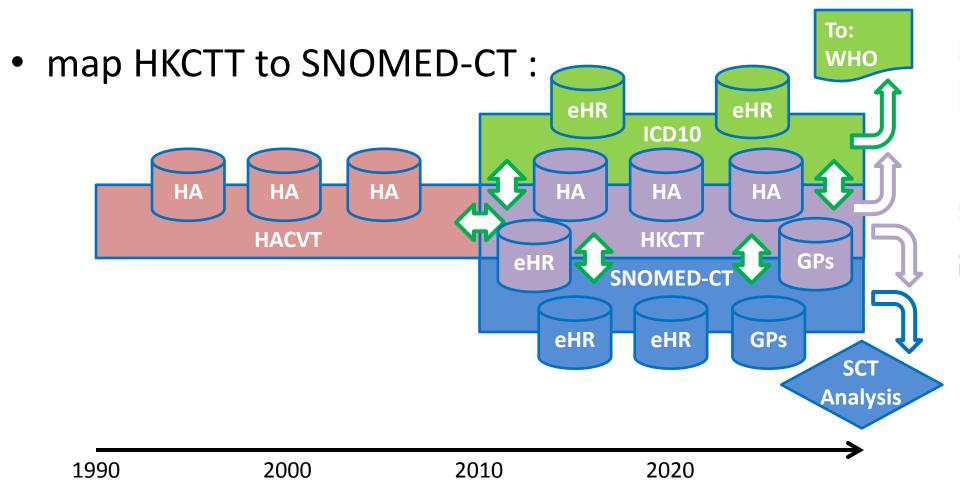


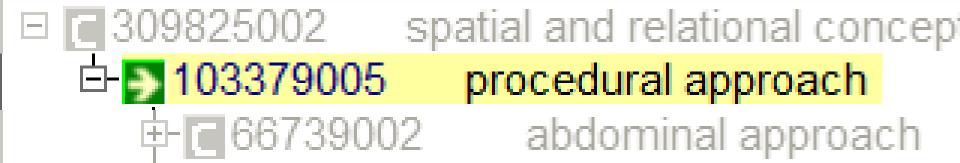


• directly implement SNOMED-CT:

- need to change working practice & culture !!
- need data conversion for existing data !!





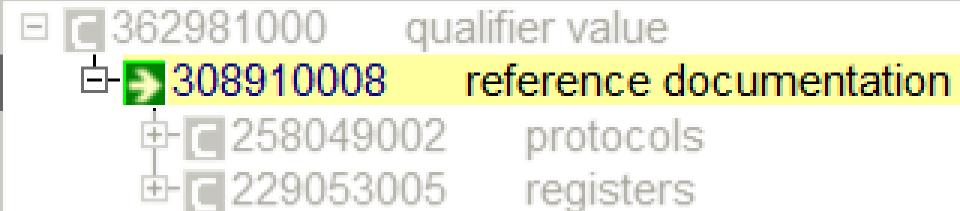


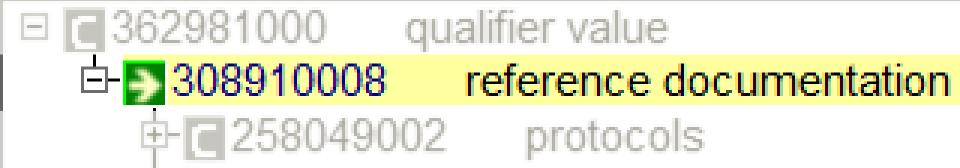
• map HKCTT to SNOMED-CT:

- preserve working practice & culture
- preserve existing data, need no data conversion

allowing data capture & analysis using SNOMED-CT

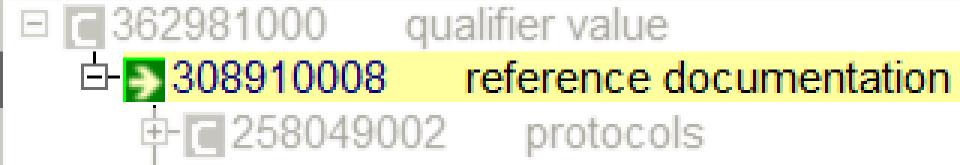
→ best of both worlds





basic mapping concepts

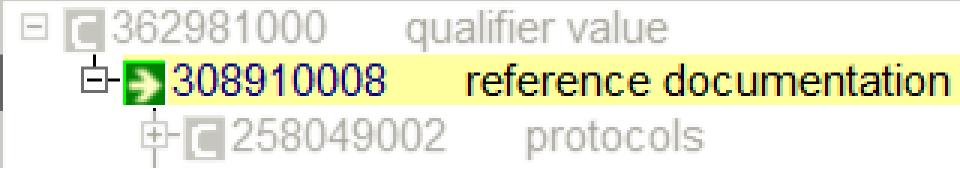
- source
- target
- relationships
 - degree of equivalence
 - cardinality of the map



degree of equivalence

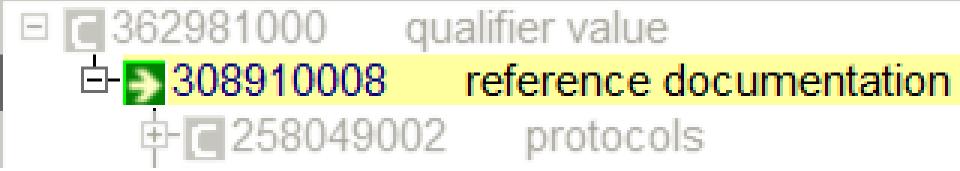
- exact match / equivalent match
- approximate match
- no match

1	Exact match		
2			
3			
4			
5	No match		



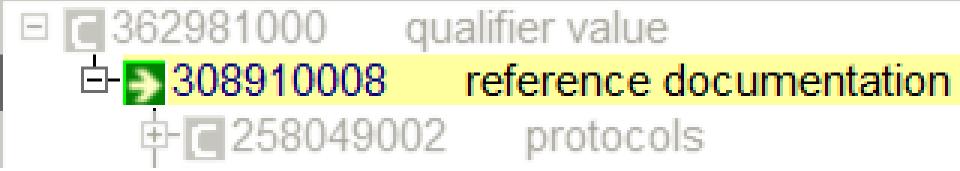
cardinality of the map

- one to one
- one to many
- many to one
- many to many



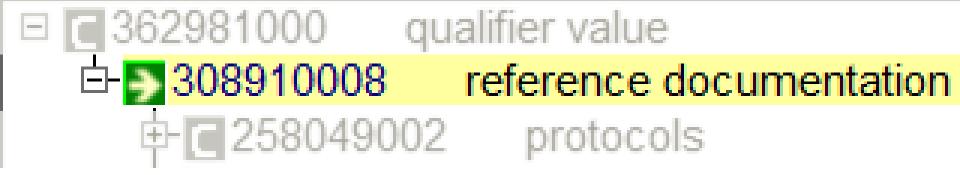
mapping principles

- purpose
 - rules and guidelines
- standards-based
 - authoritative support
 - validation
- map maintenance
 - organization in charge
 - update with source and targets



mapping steps

- develop business case / define use case
- develop rules
- plan pilot phase
- develop full content
 - periodic testing, final QA testing
 - communicate with source / target owners
- validation



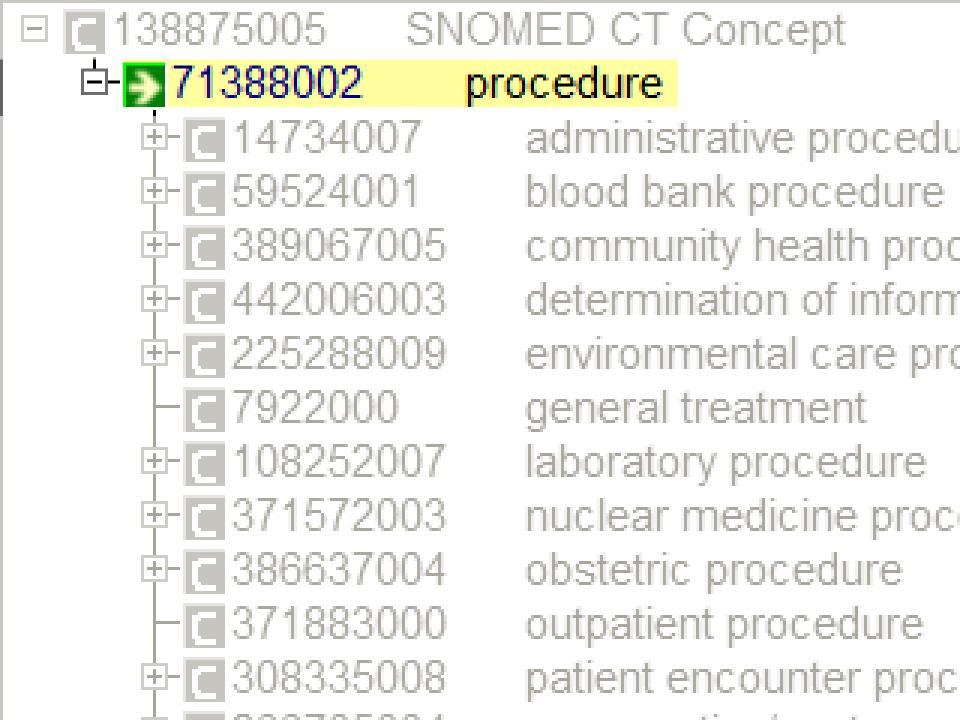
validation

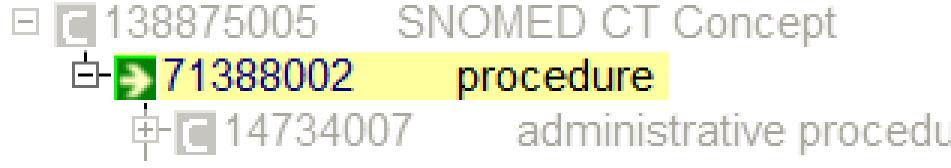
understandable, reproducible, usable

- map understood by user without manual
- map developed by process straightforward and reproducible no matter who or what to perform the mapping
- map usable for use case

external validation

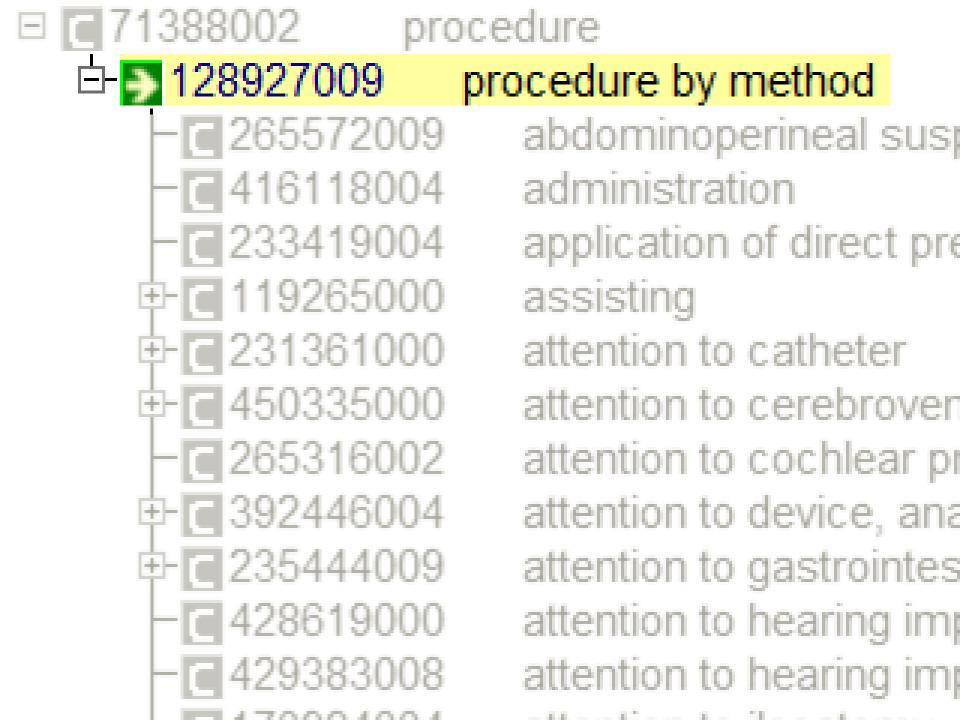
 conducted by entity not involved with development or financial or political interest





- mapping proceeded in phases:
 - →exact matching
 - →post-coordination

verification to ensure quality





exact matching

- compare descriptive meanings between concepts in HKCTT and SNOMED-CT
- ignore word form differences like spelling & grammar



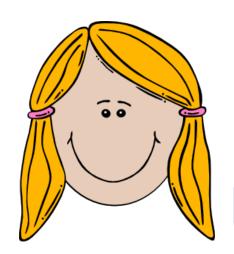
410662002 concept model attribute



method

exact matching

- reviewers with clinical knowledge background
- double-checked by second reviewer



(HA 7453) Deafness of one ear

=

(SCT 162342008) Unilateral deafness









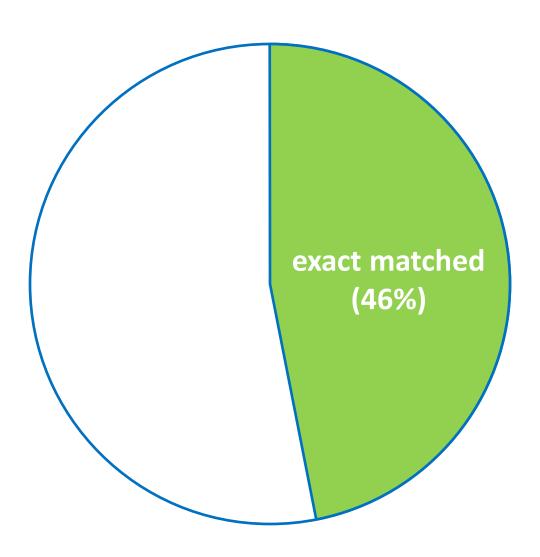
exact matching

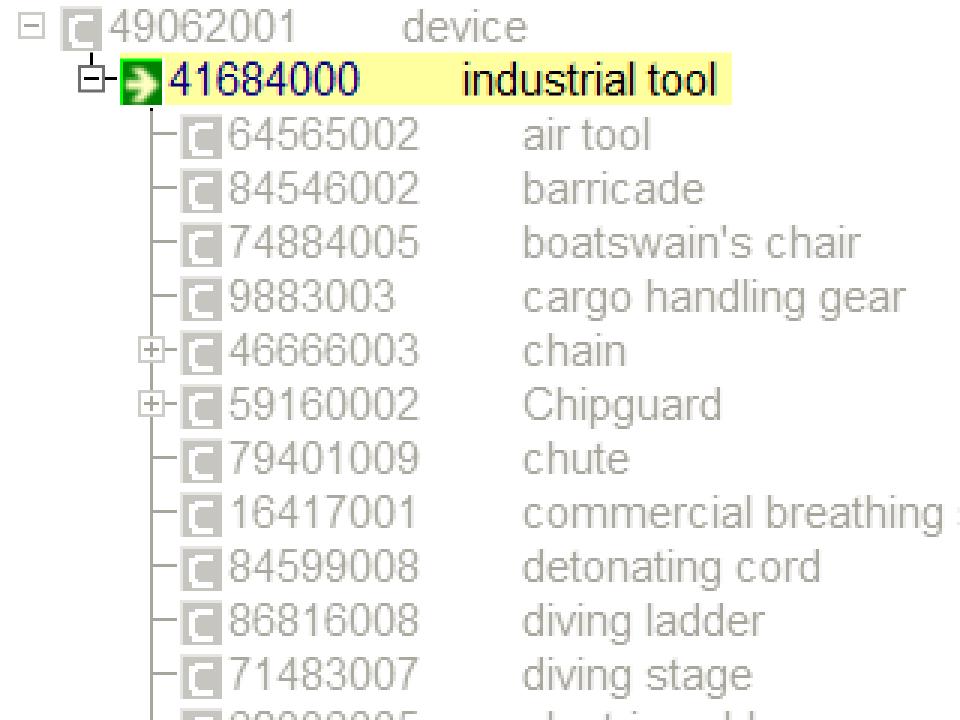
- 46% (18600) concepts exact matched

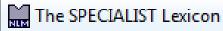


410662002 concept model attribute

≥ 260686004 method











www.nlm.nih.gov/research/umls/new_users/online_learning/LEX_001.html



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Unified Medical Language System® (UMLS®)

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- Overview
- Metathesaurus
- Semantic Network
- **Lexical Tools**
- # UIVILS 100IS

Glossary

UMLS FAQs

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Feedback

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The SPECIALIST Lexicon

The SPECIALIST Lexicon is an English lexicon (dictionary) that occurring English words. The lexical entry for each word or terr

- Syntactic (syntax information)
- Morphological (inflection, derivation, and composition inform
- Orthographic (spelling information)

Currently the SPECIALIST Lexicon contains over 200,000 terms Language Processing. Words are selected for entry into the Sp

The UMLS Test Collection of MEDLINE abstracts



www.nlm.nih.gov/research/umls/new_users/online_learning/LEX_003.html



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Unified Medical Language System® (UMLS®)

UMLS Quick Start

Home > Biomedical Research & Informatics > UMLS > New Users > UMLS Basics

- Overview
- Metathesaurus
- Semantic Network
- Lexical Tools

Lexical Entries

The Lexical Tools

Lexical variant Generation (LVG)

The Norm Program

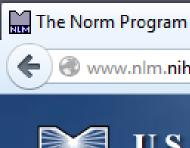
The Word Index Generator - Wordind

The Lexical Tools

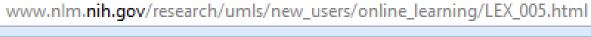
The lexical tools are a set of computer programs designed to a primary programs are:

- A lexical variant generator (LVG)
- A normalized string generator (Norm)
- A word Index generator (Wordind)

Together these programs address the high degree of variability often have several inflected forms which would properly be cor "treat," for example, has three inflectional variants: "treats" the









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- Lexical Tools

Lexical Entries

The Lexical Tools

Lexical Variant Generation (LVG)

The Norm Program

rne vvora inaex Generator - Wordind

The Norm Program

The lexical program, **Norm**, generates the normalized strings for normalization process involves stripping possessives, replacing such as "No Other Specification" or NOS, lower-casing each wo and sorting the words in alphabetic order.

Below is an example of the normalization process for the term I

Hodgkins diseases, NOS

- Overview
- Metathesaurus
- Semantic Network
- Lexical Tools

Lexical Entries
The Lexical Tools

Lexical Variant Generation (LVG)

The Norm Program

The Word Index Generator - Wordind

■ UMLS Tools

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The Norm Program

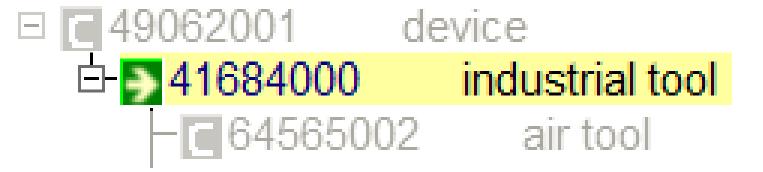
The lexical program, **Norm**, generates the normalized strings for terms included in the SF normalization process involves stripping possessives, replacing punctuation with spaces, such as "No Other Specification" or NOS, lower-casing each word, breaking a string into and sorting the words in alphabetic order.

Below is an example of the normalization process for the term Hodgkin's diseases, NOS.

	Hodgkins diseases, NOS
Remove genitive	Hodgkin diseases, NOS
Remove stop words	Hodgkin diseases,
Lowercase	hodgkin diseases,
Strip punctuation	hodgkin diseases
Uninflect	hodgkin disease
Sort words	disease hodgkin

The Norm program is used in systems to:

- Find similar terms
- · Map terms to UMLS concepts
- · Find lexical variants for a term



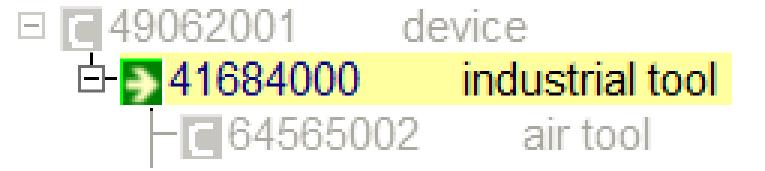
exact match verification

- the NORM program from the Lexical Tools from the Unified Medical Language System (UMLS)
- perform normalization on exact matched concept pairs (HKCTT concept & SNOMED-CT concept)
- compare the two normalized lexical forms, if the same,
 the concept pair is "exact matched"



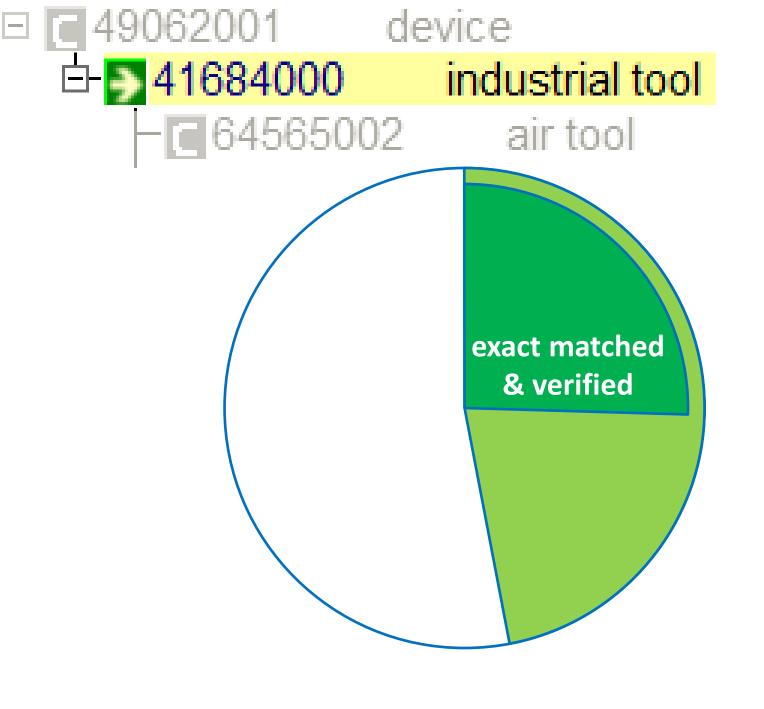
exact match verification

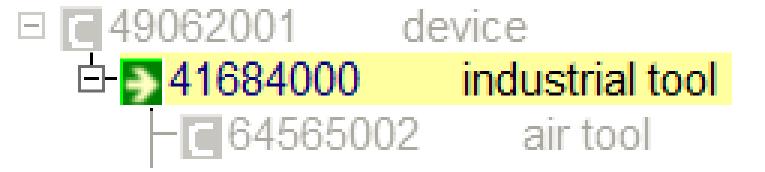
NORM	(HA 15217) Macrodactylia (finger)	(SCT 69381005) macrodactylia of fingers
no punctuations	Macrodactylia finger	macrodactylia of fingers
no stop words	Macrodactylia finger	macrodactylia fingers
no upper case	macrodactylia finger	macrodactylia fingers
no plurals	macrodactylia finger	macrodactylia finger
	♥	•
result = SAME	macrodactylia finger	macrodactylia finger



exact match verification

- out of 18600 concepts pairs exact matched,
- 55% (10100) have same normalized lexical forms





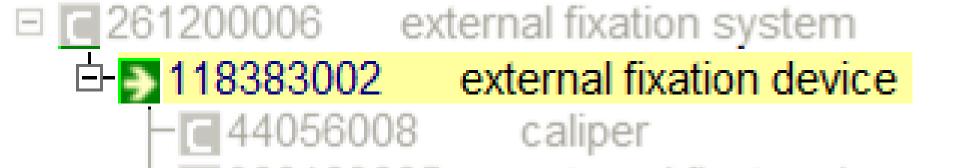
exact matched but failed lexical verification:

(HA 13806) Lumbar vertebral disease	(SCT 129139009) Disorder of lumbar spine
(HA 3494) Pigmented mole	(SCT 400096001) Melanocytic nevus
(HA 6130) Plexopathy	(SCT 2231001) Nerve plexus disorder
(HA 15325) Breast ectopic	(SCT 18166000) Accessory breast
(HA 37863) Hypoglossal pain	(SCT 279059006) Hypoglossal neuralgia
(HA 8296) Hypotension	(SCT 45007003) Low blood pressure



exact matched but failed lexical verification:

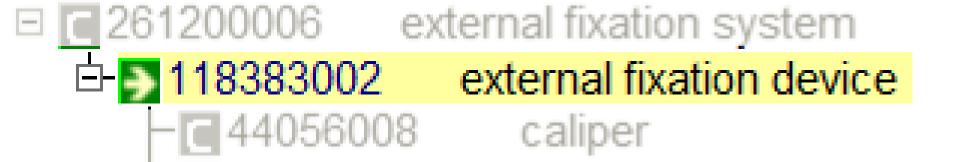
(HA 31631) Ultrasonogram of kidney	(SCT 306005) Echography of kidney
(HA 33095) Control of haemorrhage in pharynx	(SCT 172982005) Hemostasis of pharynx
(HA 24692) Gastrectomy, partial	(SCT 49209004) Subtotal gastrectomy
(HA 23917) Chest tapping	(SCT 91602002) Thoracentesis
(HA 27315) Elbow fusion	(SCT 58494002) Arthrodesis of elbow
(HA 27879) Excision of Extra Finger	(SCT 90722001) Removal of supernumerary finger



submission to IHTSDO

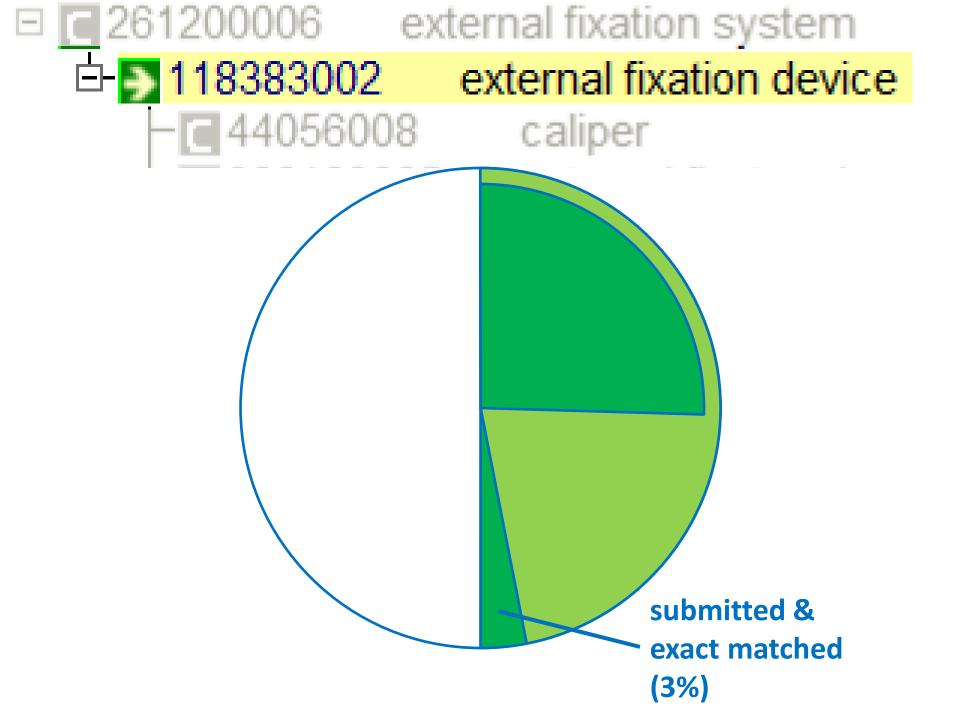
concepts with no exact match (SNOMED-CT)

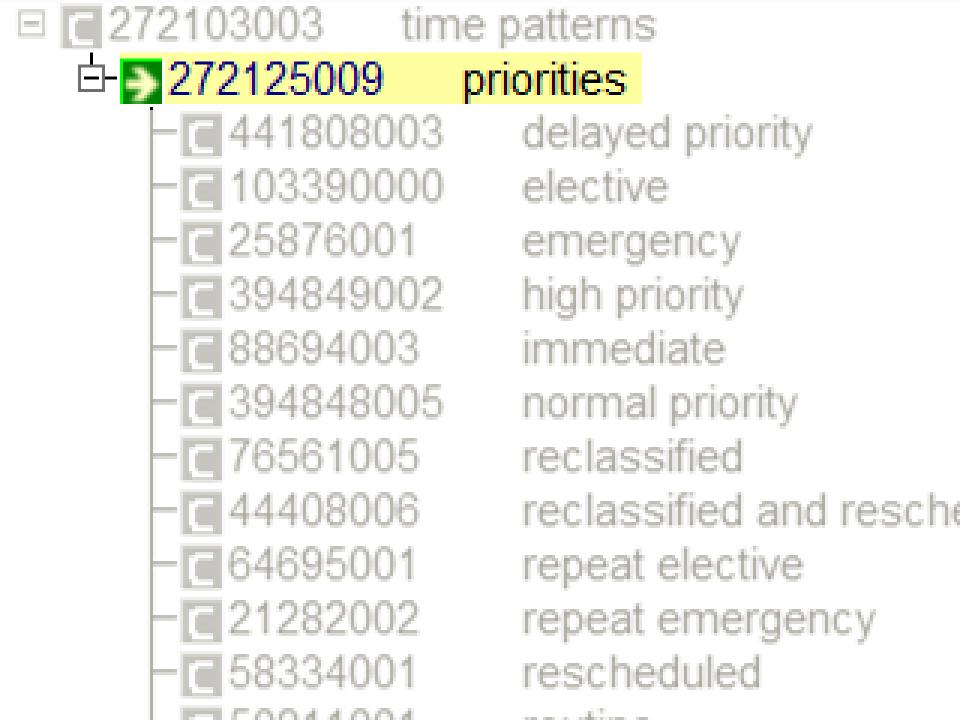
submit to International Health Terminology Standards
 Development Organisation (IHTSDO) for addition to the
 SNOMED-CT international core release

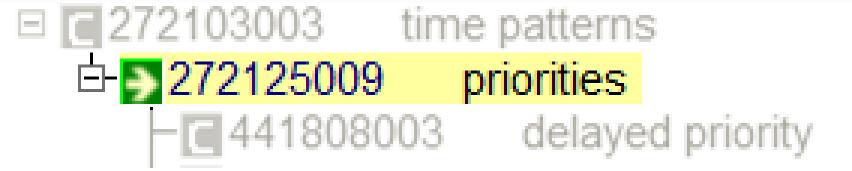


submission to IHTSDO

- 12% (4800) concepts submitted to IHTSDO
- 3% (1100) concepts added to SNOMED-CT core
 - →becomes exact match







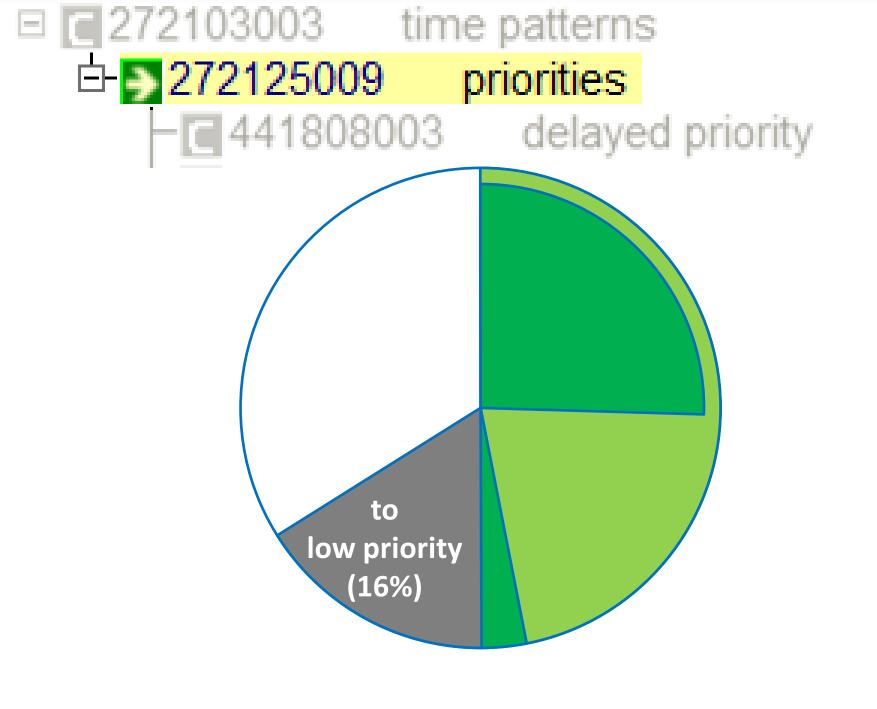
priority concept groups

- concepts in low usage / no usage
- concepts with special status (inactive, etc)



priority concept groups

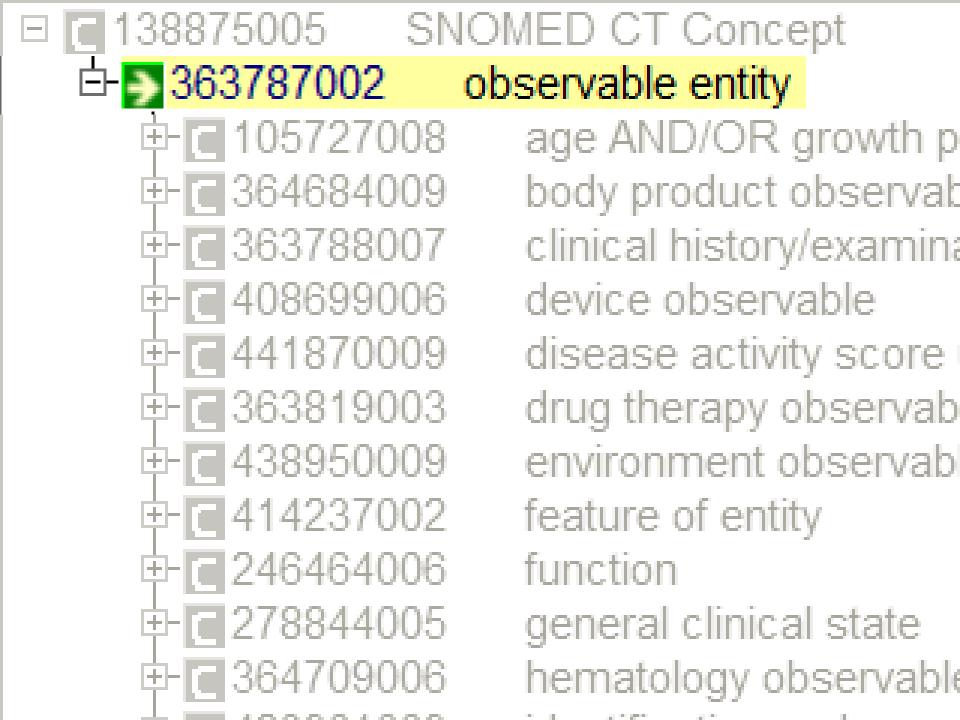
- 16% (6600) concepts to lower priority mapping plan



post-coordination

concepts with no exact match (SNOMED-CT)

- represent the concept using SNOMED-CT concepts
- follow SNOMED-CT editorial guidelines





post-coordination mapping patterns

- found common patterns among post-co mappings



coordination observable pattern of coordination

mild cystitis	is a	cystitis (disorder)
	severity	mild (qualifier value)

severe aplastic anaemia	is a	aplastic anemia (disorder)
	severity	severe (severity modifier) (qualifier value)



coordination observable pattern of coordination

363844006

mild Dx	is a = Dx severity = mild (qualifier value)
moderate Dx	is a = Dx severity = moderate (severity modifier) (qualifier value)
severe Dx	is a = Dx severity = severe (severity modifier) (qualifier value)





pattern of coordination

acute alcoholic psychosis	is a	alcohol-induced psychosis (disorder)
	clinical course	sudden onset and/or short duration (qualifier value)

hronic adjustment lisorder	is a	adjustment disorder (disorder)
	clinical course	chronic (qualifier value)



coordination observable pattern of coordination

acute Dx	is a = Dx clinical course = sudden onset AND/OR short duration (qualifier value)
chronic Dx	is a = Dx clinical course = chronic (qualifier value)



363844006

pattern of coordination

open trigeminal rhizotomy	is a	trigeminal rhizotomy (procedure)
	access	open approach - access (qualifier value)

percutaneous cardiopulmonary	is a	cardiopulmonary bypass operation (procedure)
bypass	access	percutaneous approach - access (qualifier value)



363844006

pattern of coordination

open Px	is a = Px access = open approach - access (qualifier value)
closed Px	is a = Px access = closed approach - access (qualifier value)
percutaneous px	is a = px access = percutaneous approach - access (qualifier value)



363844006

pattern of coordination

transurethral resection of bladder	is a	resection of lesion of bladder (procedure)
	surgical approach	transurethral approach (qualifier value)



□ 363843000 coordination observable pattern of coordination

363844006

trans-xxx Px	is a = Px
	surgical approach = trans-xxx





pattern of coordination

post infarct dementia	is a	dementia (disorder)
	after	cerebral infarction (disorder)

aseptic meningitis, post-operative	is a	aseptic meningitis (disorder)
	after	surgical procedure (procedure)



363844006

pattern of coordination

Dx1, post-Dx2	is a = Dx1 after = Dx2
Dx, post-Px	is a = Dx after = Px (procedure)



coordination observable pattern of coordination

363844006

history of disorders of nervous system	is a	history of - disorder (situation)
and sense organs	associated finding	nervous system and sense organ diseases (disorder)

family history of digestive disorder	is a	family history of disorder (situation)
	associated finding	disorder of digestive system (disorder)



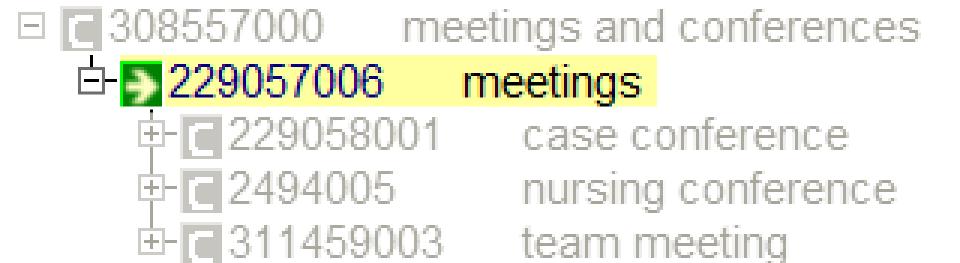
coordination observable pattern of coordination

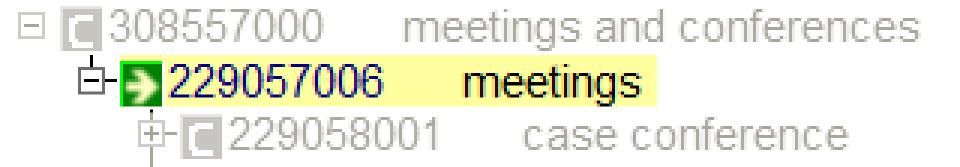
history of Dx	is a = history of - disorder (situation) associated finding = Dx (disorder)
family history of Dx	is a = family history of disorder (situation) associated finding = Dx (disorder)



- found 90+ post-coordination mapping patterns
- review & refine, referencing existing SCT core concepts
- re-apply the patterns to post-co similar HKCTT concepts

- to maintain mapping quality & consistency
- to improve mapping efficiency





mapping team discussion meetings

- mapping team members
- bi-weekly discussion meetings

- to review mapping rules & practices
- to review post-coordination patterns



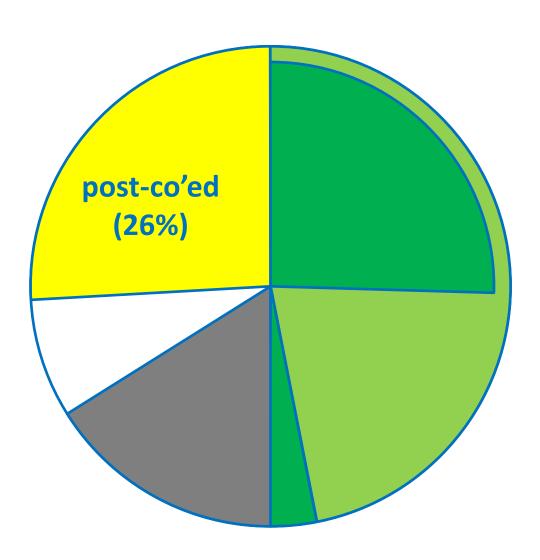
post-coordination

- 26% (10400) concepts mapped by post-coordination



= 410662002 concept model attribute

□ 260686004 method



post-coordination verification

- 5% (500 / 10400) sample of post-co mappings
- 90 post-co mapping patterns

verification by overseas experts

post-coordination verification

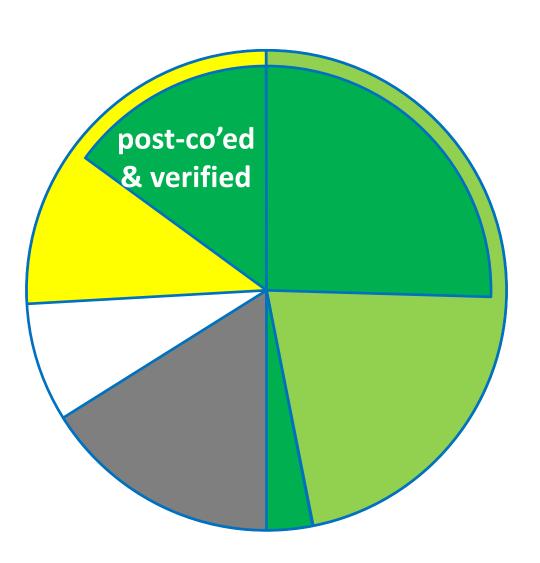
- 56% (280 / 500) mappings
- 60% (54 / 90) mapping patterns
 - expert agrees with HA, or
 - expert advice is taken

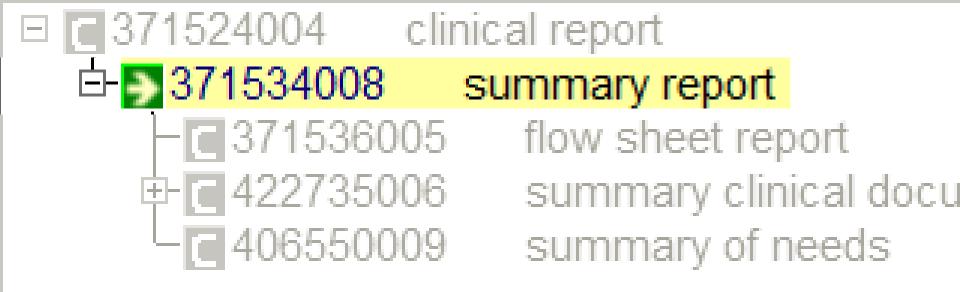
re-apply verified patterns to post-co similar concepts



410662002 concept model attribute

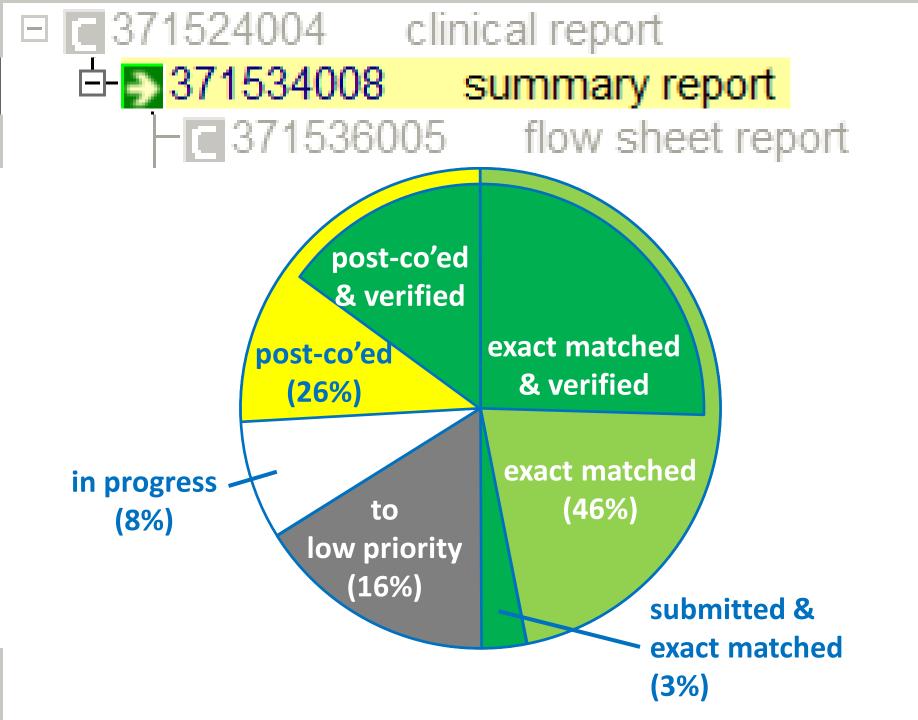


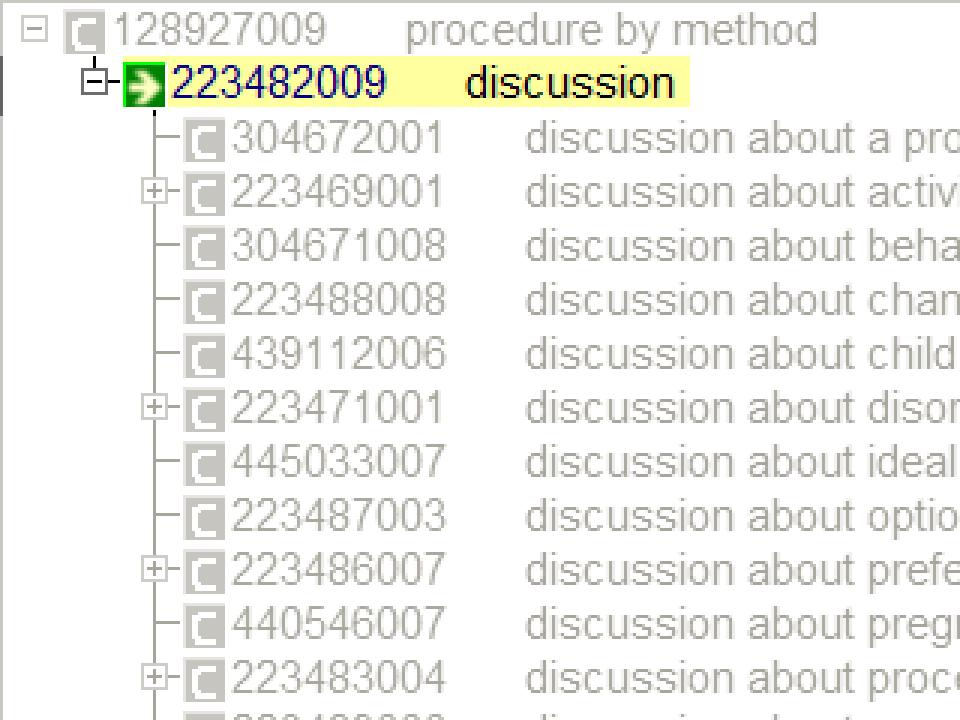


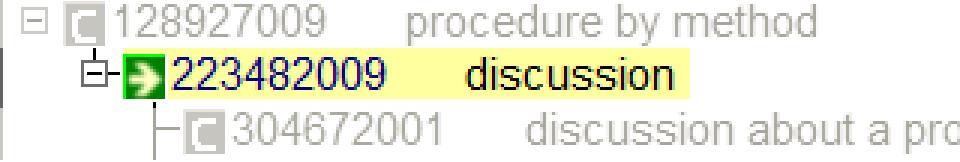




- mapping results
 - 46% (18600) concepts exact matched
 - 55% (10100) mappings verified (NORM from Lexical Tools)
 - 3% (1100) concepts submitted & added to SNOMED-CT
 - 26% (10400) concepts mapped by post-coordination
 - 56% (280 / 500) mappings verified (overseas expert)
 - 16% (6600) concepts to lower priority

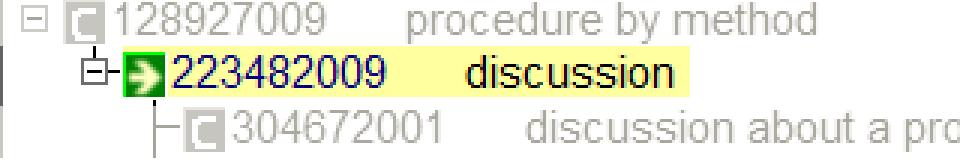






the mapping approach

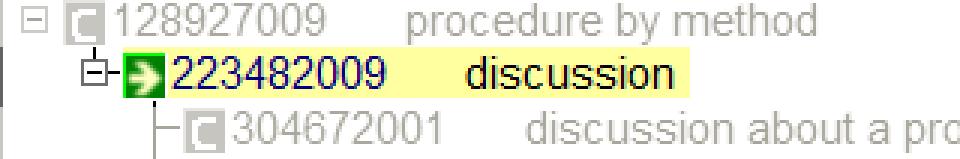
- preserves working practice and culture
- preserves existing data, avoiding data conversion



the mapping approach

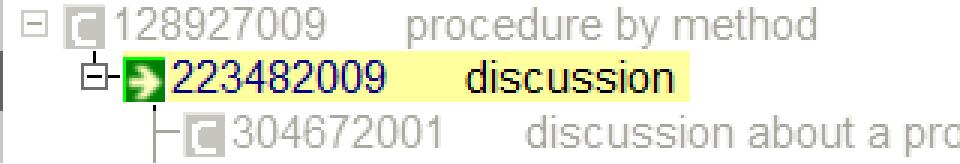
 enables eHR records to be captured, transmitted, stored, searched, retrieved, analysed using SNOMED-CT

 enriches HKCTT with semantic definitions & relationship hierarchies, enabling semantic & hierarchical analysis of eHR records in future



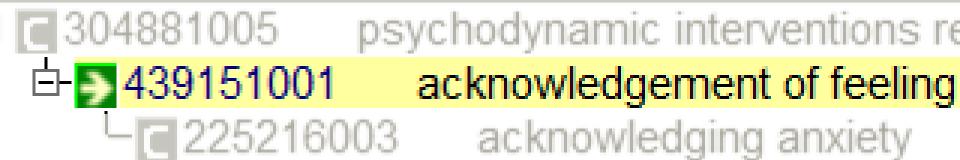
• the bonus

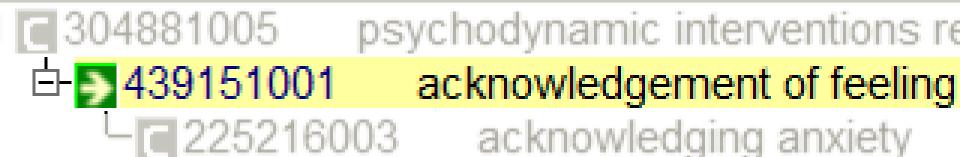
- uncovers problem concepts accumulated but hidden inside the vocabulary table, including duplicated, ambiguous & inconsistent concepts
- provides easy & efficient method for cleansing

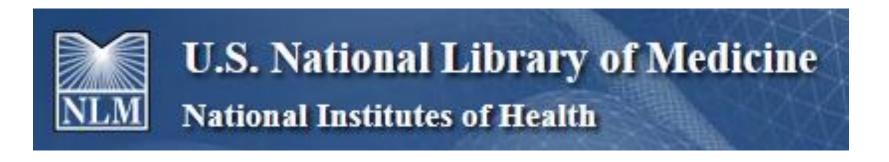


lessons learnt

- follow standards
- use tools to speed up
- seek authority to fix root problems
- use priority to adjust progress
- track patterns, review & re-apply to similar tasks
- hold discussion meetings to align practices
- seek expert advices and do external verifications

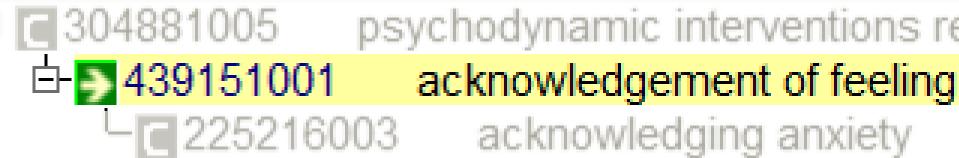








Unified Medical Language System® (UMLS®)



acknowledgement of feeling acknowledging anxiety

- Dr N T Cheung
 - Ms Vicky Fung
 - Ms Maggie Lau
 - Ms Karen Szeto
 - Ms Austen Wong

- Mr John Mok
 - Mr P C Ho
 - Mr William Ho
 - Mr Wilson Yu

- Mr Eric Ho 別行政區政府 Ms H H Tsui
 - Ms Ellen Chan
 - Ms Karen Li
 - Mr Patrick Chu

- Mr Andy Wai
 - Ms Cherry Yip
 - Ms Gladys Yip



261782000 end

Thank you!



