# Matt Cordell

# Results of Analysis of SNOMED CT Extensions

**Author:** Matt Cordell

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# Table of Contents

1	Introduction	4
1.1	A raw analysis of the active concepts within an extension.	5
1.2	Ratio of active to inactive concepts	6
1.3	Extension changes against International Concept IDs	•
2	Extension Concepts	8
2.1	The type of content by hierarchy	12
2.1.1	Clinical finding	14
2.1.2	Procedure	16
2.1.3	Special concept	17
2.1.4	Situation with explicit context	19
2.1.5	Observable entity	20
2.1.6	Event	21
2.1.7	Qualifier value	21
2.1.8	Record artifact	23
2.1.9	Social context	24
2.1.10	Substance	25
2.1.11	Body structure	26
2.1.12	Staging and scales	27
2.1.13	Pharmaceutical / biologic product	28
2.1.14	Organism	29
2.1.15	Environment or geographical location	30
2.1.16	Specimen	30
2.1.17	Physical object	31
2.1.18	Physical force	31
3	Extension Descriptions	32
3.1	Extension Changes to Core Descriptions	33
4	Relationship Extensions	34
4.1	Core relationships modified within an Extension	35

4.2	Types of Relationships Modified	36
5	Additional Observations	41
6	Extensions vs Editions	42
6.1	File naming	42
6.2	Directory structure	42
6.3	Specific file inclusions	43
6.4	Miscelaneous QA issues	44
7	Conclusion	45
8	Endnotes	46

#### 1 Introduction

In January 2017, the Content Managers Advisory Group (CMAG) initiated an action to conduct a survey of the national extensions that were available, as to date there was there was limited information available - to other members and presumably SNOMED International. The responses of this survey are available here. The results shows a variety of extensions are produced, ranging from subset/refset, language translations and clinical content development. Subsequent activities investigating collaboration on subset may be pursued, but the CMAG was also interested in exactly what clinical content was in each extension, and how this might be shared. There should be very little clinical content that is exclusive to any country, and if it has been developed by one extension - it's likely globally relevant, and sharing it can reduce duplicated effort and maintenance burden of extension builders.

The results described here are a result of a combination of objective metrics (size of content), crude identification of duplicated effort, and finally some incidental quality observations. Further analysis of the content is still underway using description logic techniques, the results of which will be made available separately, at a later date.

SQL snippets are included in the document for future reference by author, but will unlikely be useful to public readership.

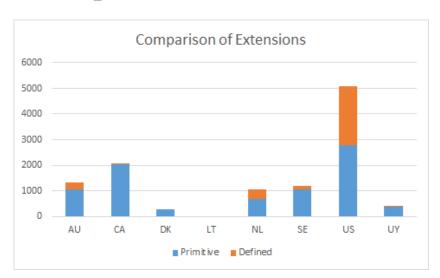
A summary of the results is available in the conclusion section at the end of this paper.

The cooperation of all Members is appreciated, and whilst all effort has been made to represent the extensions accurately, any inaccuracies are accidental.

#### Summary of Extensions

14 NRC responded to the survey, with **9** indicating they created clinical content extensions. The Australian Edition also includes it's national drug extension, which has been excluded from this round of analysis (as no other extension appeared to include such content) All extensions were based upon the July 2016 international release except one. This exception may produce some anomalies, but they are limited to the extension.

# 1.1 A raw analysis of the active concepts within an extension.



Note: UK extension (~30 thousand concepts) is about 6 times larger than US (5000) and has been excluded from the graph as an outlier. Raw values are shown to the right.

NRC	Size	Primitive		Primitive Defined		ed
AU	1339	1056	78.9%	283	21.1%	
CA	2040	2030	99.5%	10	0.5%	
DK	290	290	100.0%	0	0.0%	
LT	0	0	N/A	0	N/A	
NL	1041	686	65.9%	355	34.1%	
SE	1175	1060	90.2%	115	9.8%	
UK	29793	29793	100.0%	0	0.0%	
US	5100	2764	54.2%	2336	45.8%	
UY	415	371	89.4%	44	10.6%	

# 1.2 Ratio of active to inactive concepts

NRC	Proportion currently active
SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module	95.3%
US National Library of Medicine maintained module	93.3%
módulo de la extensión de Uruguay	95.6%
Canada Health Infoway English module	68.3%
SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module	99.6%
Australian common model component extension	33.3%
Danish module	88.4%
SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension	97.0%
SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module	32.9%

All analysis was only performed on active content.

# 1.3 Extension changes against International Concept IDs

A total of 40 core concepts have been modified by extensions in some way. Two were retired by an extension

- 384612007 pT4a: Tumor directly invades other organs or structures (colon/rectum) (finding) |
- 384613002| pT4b: Tumor penetrates visceral peritoneum (colon/rectum) (finding) |
- (A third concept was retired, but later reactivated)

One concept had a change to definition status (marked *Defined*) by an extension

399733007 | Excision of retroperitoneal lymph node (procedure) |

Eight of these appear to be an attempt to address issues within the module assignment in the international release. (i.e. Concept inactivated on a different module to what they were created. metadata vs core).

The remainder are simply changes to moduleld, and either represent content promotion from an extension to the International. Or a possible error.

```
select id,count(*) from X_Concepts
where id in
  (246089008,246221002,260670006,263512003,263513008,447564002,44960
9005,700043003,11000119105,41000179103,441000119109,601000119109,1
111000119100,1561000119105,4181000179103,4191000179101,42010001791
04,4211000179102,4221000179107,4231000179109,4241000179101,4251000
179103,4261000179100,4271000179106,4281000179108,4301000179109,431
1000179106,4321000179101,4331000179104,4341000179107,4351000179105,
,
5461000179100,5471000179106,5481000179108,5491000179105,5531000179
105)
and moduleId != 161771000036108
group by id
having count(distinct moduleId) > 1
```

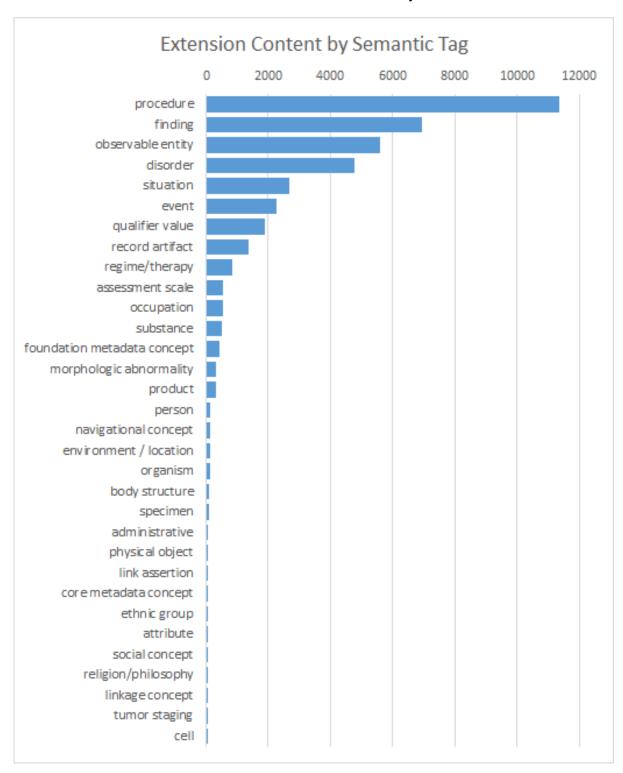
# 2 Extension Concepts

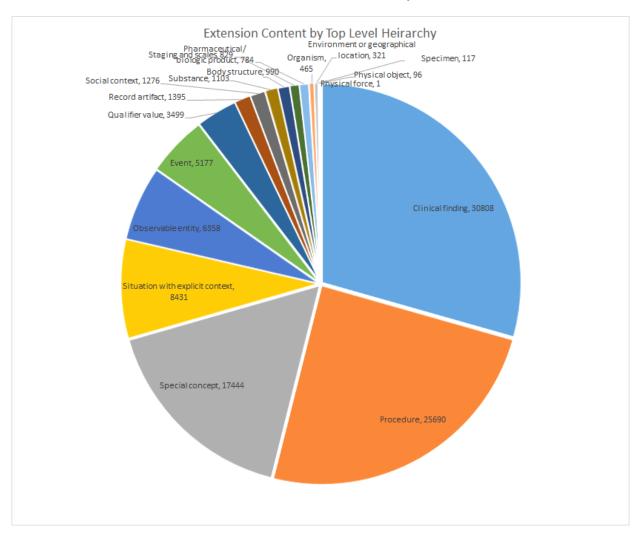
There appears to be around 52 unique semantic tags across the extension content. many of these are attributable to translations. **Not all extensions provide en FSNs for extension content**<sup>1</sup>, semantic tags were manually translated and merged.

After normalisation, this comes to 32 semantic tags. The distribution of content is shown below.

Semantic Tag	Count
procedure	11372
finding	6925
observable entity	5609
disorder	4783
situation	2677
event	2251
qualifier value	1903
record artifact	1361
regime/therapy	846
assessment scale	549
occupation	543
substance	503
foundation metadata concept	414
morphologic abnormality	321
product	320

person	134
navigational concept	132
environment / location	114
organism	114
body structure	106
specimen	95
administrative	66
physical object	59
link assertion	22
core metadata concept	19
ethnic group	16
attribute	7
social concept	5
religion/philosophy	4
linkage concept	3
tumor staging	2
cell	1





#### 9 Modules are in use across the extensions.

Moduleld	FSN	Country
11000146104	SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module	NL
731000124108	US National Library of Medicine maintained module	US
5631000179106	módulo de la extensión de Uruguay	UY
20621000087109	Canada Health Infoway English module	СА
45991000052106	SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module	SE
161771000036108	Australian common model component extension	AU

Moduleld	FSN	Country
554471000005108	Danish module	DK
32506021000036107	SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension	AU
999000011000000103	SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module	UK

#### 2.1 The type of content by hierarchy

Each Top level heirarchy reviewed below for extension content.

Duplicates were looked for through comparing terms across extensions within given hierarchy. For example, "Look for duplicate terms within the procedure hierarchy". Duplicates within a module were also ignored.

Analysis was done on the complete aggregate of extensions plus the (International Core). The presence of duplication may indicate:

- 1. Extension concepts also in the core, either before or after.
  - Those where the concept appears in the International release after it's creation in an extension represent a maintenance burden for NRC's in the absence of a promotion process.
- 2. At least two countries producing similar, if not same, content. Which would suggest it's not necessarily country specific content.

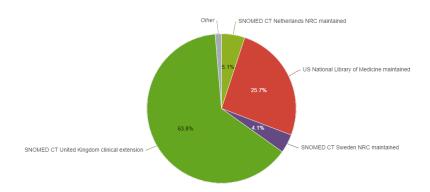
Initial analysis is agnostic of description types, however analysis was further performed on just FSNs to increase likelyhood of duplicate detection.

A major limitation in the approach used is that translations will (almost) be inherently unique, so comparison is dependent on English terms.

It was discovered mid analysis that a setting within the analysis database, may have caused incorrect character renderings however, this is not expected to have consequence on this analysis.

```
SET @Hierarchy = 404684003;
select term,count(distinct moduleId) from X_Descriptions
where conceptId in (select distinct id from X_Concepts where
active)
and moduleId != 900062011000036108 -- exclude AMT module
-- and moduleId not in(9000000000000007008,90000000000012004) --
exclude international
and typeId = 90000000000003001
and conceptId in (select sourceId from X_TransitiveClosure where
destinationId = @Hierarchy)
and active = 1
group by term
having count(distinct moduleId) > 1;
-- candidates for consideration.
select * from X_Descriptions
-- active descriptions for active concepts
where active and conceptId in (select distinct id from X_Concepts
where active)
-- target heirarchy
and conceptId in (select sourceId from X_TransitiveClosure where
destinationId = @Hierarchy)
and term in (select distinct term from X_Descriptions
                    where conceptId in (select distinct id from
X_Concepts where active)
                    and moduleId != 900062011000036108 -- exclude
AMT module
                    -- and moduleId not in
(90000000000207008,90000000000012004)
                    and conceptId in (select sourceId from
X_TransitiveClosure where destinationId = @Hierarchy)
                    and active = 1
                    group by term
                    having count(distinct moduleId) > 1);
```

#### 2.1.1 Clinical finding



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

26 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module
- SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- Danish module

All but the Danish module have some overlap with each other, as well as the international release.

These are the identified FSNs.

Adverse reaction to rotavirus vaccine (disorder)	Atypical atrial flutter (disorder)
Chronic epiglottitis (disorder)	Excessive bioactive substance intake (finding)
Excessive enteral nutrition infusion (finding)	Excessive growth rate (finding)
Excessive parenteral nutrition infusion (finding)	Family history of lactose intolerance (situation)

Inadequate bioactive substance intake (finding)	Inadequate enteral nutrition infusion (finding)
Inadequate parenteral nutrition infusion (finding)	Mild dementia (disorder)
Patient identity verified (finding)	Physical disability (finding)
Predicted excessive energy intake (finding)	Predicted inadequate energy intake (finding)
Severe dementia (disorder)	Subendocardial myocardial infarction (disorder)
Suspected cerebrovascular accident (situation)	Suspected sepsis (situation)
Takotsubo cardiomyopathy (disorder)	Thrombosis of internal jugular vein (disorder)
Typical atrial flutter (disorder)	Unintentional weight gain (finding)
Ureterostomy present (finding)	Viral meningoencephalitis (disorder)

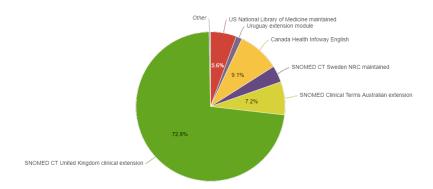
There are 6400 synonyms that are not unique across this set. There appear to be a number of reasons for this, though most seem to relate to translations.

#### For example:

- 371093006| Urosepsis (disorder) | has descriptions in, the extensions from three countries, that are the same as the 'en' descritpion.
- 27830001| Brachial radiculitis (disorder) | has translations in two extensions that are different to the 'en', but differ from eachother by the case of the first character.
- 75049004| Jeune thoracic dystrophy (disorder) | has translations in two extensions that appear identical.

These may have different character encoding or punctuation conventions, or written languages are genuinely similar (Danish and Swedish). A binary (eliminating case differences) compare halved the number of duplicate terms identified. It's unclear (to the author) what the standards and rules are concerning translations - are they complete (all concepts), some (only concepts of interest), as necessary (where word is different).

#### 2.1.2 Procedure



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

16 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module
- Canada Health Infoway English module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module

These are the identified FSNs.

Admission to nursing home (procedure)

Alpha-1 microglobulin measurement (procedure)

Autopsy planned (situation)

Computed tomography of head, neck, abdomen and pelvis with contrast (procedure)

Decompressive craniectomy (procedure)

electrochemotherapy (procedure)

Flexible ureteroscopy (procedure)

Injection of platelet-rich plasma (procedure)

Laparoscopic extended right hemicolectomy (procedure)

Laparoscopic gastrectomy (procedure)

Laparoscopic radical prostatectomy (procedure)

Open reduction of fracture of ankle with internal fixation (procedure)

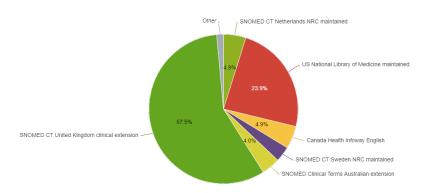
Open repair of strangulated incisional hernia (procedure)

Open repair of strangulated incisional hernia with prosthesis (procedure)

Rigid ureteroscopy (procedure)

Smoking assessment (procedure)

#### 2.1.3 Special concept



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

15 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module

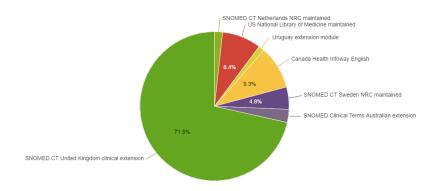
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module
- Canada Health Infoway English module
- SNOMED CT core module
- Danish module
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension

These are the identified FSNs.

5-Hydroxyhistamine (substance)
Atypical atrial flutter (disorder)
Autopsy planned (situation)
Birch pollen (substance)
Decompressive craniectomy (procedure)
Deer dander (substance)
Escherichia coli serogroup Orough (organism)
Highlands j virus (organism)
No diabetic retinopathy (situation)
Subendocardial myocardial infarction (disorder)
Suspected cerebrovascular accident (situation)
Suspected sepsis (situation)
Takotsubo cardiomyopathy (disorder)
Thrombosis of internal jugular vein (disorder)
Typical atrial flutter (disorder)

The mix of semantic tags in this set, suggest a possible issue with the transitive queries and history of the "aggregate release". Further investigation is required.

#### 2.1.4 Situation with explicit context



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

8 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module
- SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module

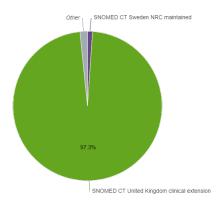
These are the identified FSNs.

Autopsy planned (situation)
Family history of lactose intolerance (situation)
History of acute coronary syndrome (situation)
History of amaurosis fugax (situation)
History of supraventricular tachycardia (situation)
No diabetic retinopathy (situation)

Suspected cerebrovascular accident (situation)

Suspected sepsis (situation)

#### 2.1.5 Observable entity



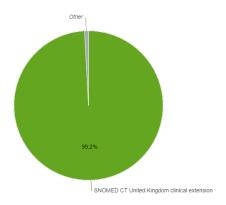
#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

There are no FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion.

There are 476 duplicate synonyms across this set. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT core module
- Danish module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module

#### 2.1.6 Event



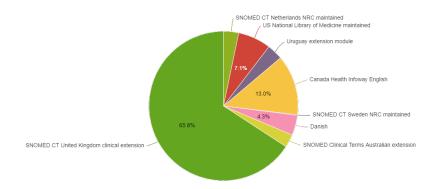
#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

No FSNs are duplicated across the content.

17 synonyms are duplicated, the affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- Danish module
- SNOMED CT core module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module

#### 2.1.7 Qualifier value



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

28 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

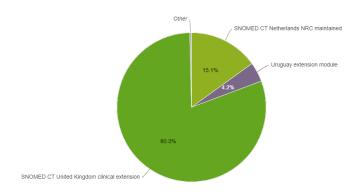
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module
- Canada Health Infoway English module
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module

These are the identified FSNs.

Adolescent medicine service (qualifier value)	Adolescent psychiatry service (qualifier value)
Audiometry (qualifier value)	Cardiology service (qualifier value)
Chiropody (qualifier value)	Clinical allergy service (qualifier value)
Clinical genetics service (qualifier value)	Clinical immunology service (qualifier value)
Clinical neurophysiology service (qualifier value)	Dental hygiene service (qualifier value)
Dentistry service (qualifier value)	Dialysis service (qualifier value)
Endodontic service (qualifier value)	Genetics (qualifier value)
Health belief model (qualifier value)	Infectious diseases service (qualifier value)
Intensive care medicine (qualifier value)	Neonatal intensive care service (qualifier value)
Nephrology service (qualifier value)	Neurology service (qualifier value)
Physiotherapy service (qualifier value)	Prosthetics (qualifier value)
Prosthetics service (qualifier value)	Prosthodontic service (qualifier value)
Psychology (qualifier value)	Respiratory medicine service (qualifier value)

Respite care service (qualifier value)	Sports medicine (qualifier value)

#### 2.1.8 Record artifact



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

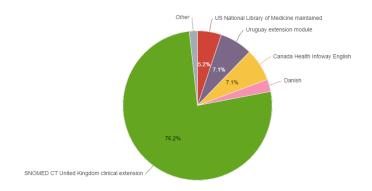
8 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module

These are the identified FSNs.

Discharge letter (record artifact)
Do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation order (record artifact)
Growth chart (record artifact)
Letter (record artifact)
Living will and advance directive record (record artifact)
Medical photograph (record artifact)
Referral letter (record artifact)
Weight chart (record artifact)

#### 2.1.9 Social context



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

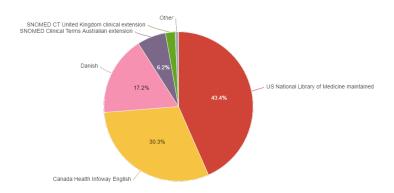
5 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension
- Canada Health Infoway English module

These are the identified FSNs.

Massage therapist (occupation)	
Maternal aunt (person)	
Maternal uncle (person)	
Paternal aunt (person)	
Paternal uncle (person)	

#### 2.1.10 Substance



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

15 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

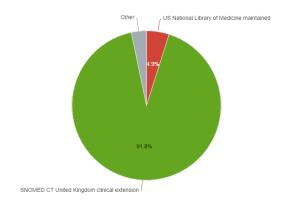
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension
- Canada Health Infoway English module
- SNOMED CT core module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module

These are the identified FSNs.

5-Hydroxyhistamine (substance)
Arugula (substance)
Birch pollen (substance)
Blue cheese (substance)
Deer dander (substance)
Flounder (substance)
Ham (substance)

Hickory nut (substance)
Honeydew melon (substance)
Jalapeno pepper (substance)
Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (product)
Red onion (substance)
Snail - dietary (substance)
Tree nut (substance)
White pepper (substance)

#### 2.1.11 Body structure



#### Potential Concept Duplication

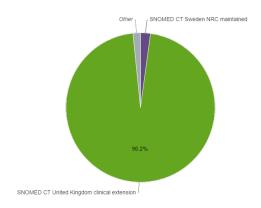
No FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion.

1,888 synonyms are duplicated across the content, the affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- Danish module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT core module

- Lithuania
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module

#### 2.1.12 Staging and scales

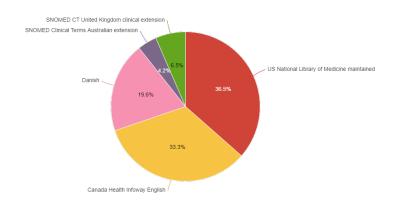


#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

No FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. 464 synonyms are duplicated across the extensions. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- Danish module
- SNOMED CT core module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module

#### 2.1.13 Pharmaceutical / biologic product



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

12 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- Canada Health Infoway English module
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension

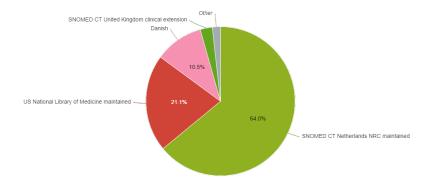
These are the identified FSNs.

Arugula (substance)
Blue cheese (substance)
Flounder (substance)
Ham (substance)
Hickory nut (substance)
Honeydew melon (substance)
Jalapeno pepper (substance)
Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (product)

Red onion (substance)
Snail - dietary (substance)
Tree nut (substance)
White pepper (substance)

There is obviously an issue with the semantic tag and transitive queries. This may be a problem with the analysis or content.

#### 2.1.14 Organism



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

2 FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

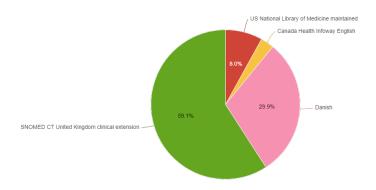
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED CT core module
- Canada Health Infoway English module

These are the identified FSNs.

Escherichia coli serogroup Orough (organism)

Highlands j virus (organism)

#### 2.1.15 Environment or geographical location

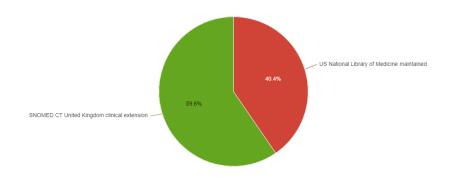


#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

No FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. 353 synonyms are duplicated across the extensions, The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- Danish module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT core module
- Lithuania

#### 2.1.16 Specimen

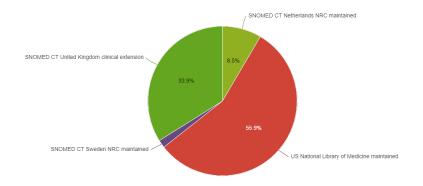


#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

No FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. Nine synonyms are duplicated. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

- Danish module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT core module
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module
- SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module

#### 2.1.17 Physical object



#### **Potential Concept Duplication**

No FSNs duplicated across the content, which are almost certainly candidates for promotion. 399 synonyms are duplicated across the extensions. The affected concepts are in the following extensions.

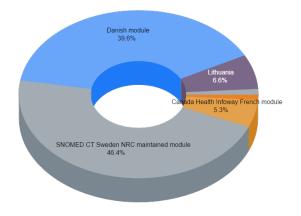
- Danish module
- SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module
- SNOMED CT core module

#### 2.1.18 Physical force

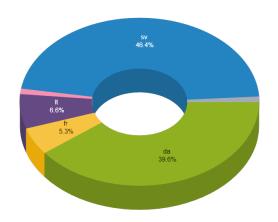
Single Concept: U-V radiation in diagnosis NOS (physical force)

# 3 Extension Descriptions

Most analysis performed as part of identifying duplicates within concepts. However, below is a summary of the translations - (extension descriptions for core concepts).



NRC	Translated Concepts
SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module	6759
US National Library of Medicine maintained module	169
Uruguay extension module	227
Canada Health Infoway French module	34063
Canada Health Infoway English module	533
SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module	298331
Danish module	254752
SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension	1929
Lithuania	42668
SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module	3799



Language	Concepts
da	254752
en	6327
es	227
fr	34063
lt	42668
nl	6756
sv	298331

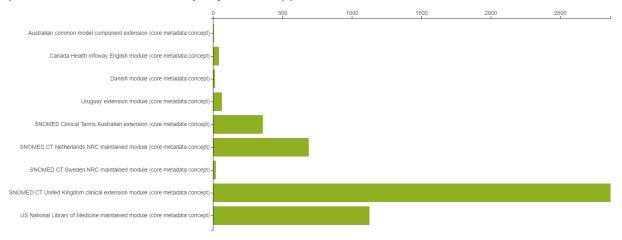
# 3.1 Extension Changes to Core Descriptions

178 International descriptions have some modification in an extension. The associated modules are:

- Australian common model component extension
- SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension
- US National Library of Medicine maintained module

## 4 Relationship Extensions

5,136 core concepts have been changes within an extension. Some of these look like promotions, however the majority do not appear to be.



Extension	Inferred	Stated
Australian common model component extension (core metadata concept)	4	57
Canada Health Infoway English module (core metadata concept)	40	0
Danish module (core metadata concept)	12	6
Uruguay extension module (core metadata concept)	62	23
SNOMED Clinical Terms Australian extension (core metadata concept)	357	98
SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module (core metadata concept)	688	0
SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module (core metadata concept)	17	0
SNOMED CT United Kingdom clinical extension module (core metadata concept)	2862	2848
US National Library of Medicine maintained module (core metadata concept)	1125	401

Note: Some of the numbers comparing stated and inferred look odd, this is likely a result of the crude aggregation of extensions and some of the extension content already having been promoted to core.

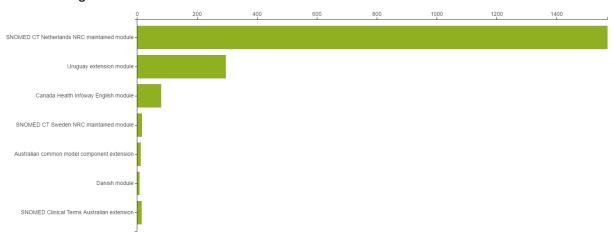
# 4.1 Core relationships modified within an Extension

1,997 core relationships where modified by an extension, affecting 384 concepts

A single concept, 425630003| *Acute irritant contact dermatitis (disorder)* | was modified by two NRCs.

Both inactivated all the relationships, but one recreated them in the subsequent release.

Other changes are summarised below.



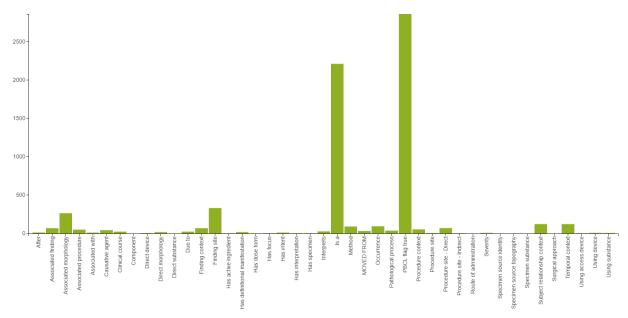
NRC	Relationships Changed
SNOMED CT Netherlands NRC maintained module	1570
Uruguay extension module	296
Canada Health Infoway English module	80
SNOMED CT Sweden NRC maintained module	16
Australian common model component extension	12
Danish module	8

SNOMED	Clinical	Terms	Australian	extension
SINONIED	Cili licai	1611119	Australian	CYTCHOLOLI

15

### 4.2 Types of Relationships Modified

A large variety (43) of relationship types are involved in the edits, most are *ISA*, and some are not part of the approved concept model or are attributes specific to an extension.

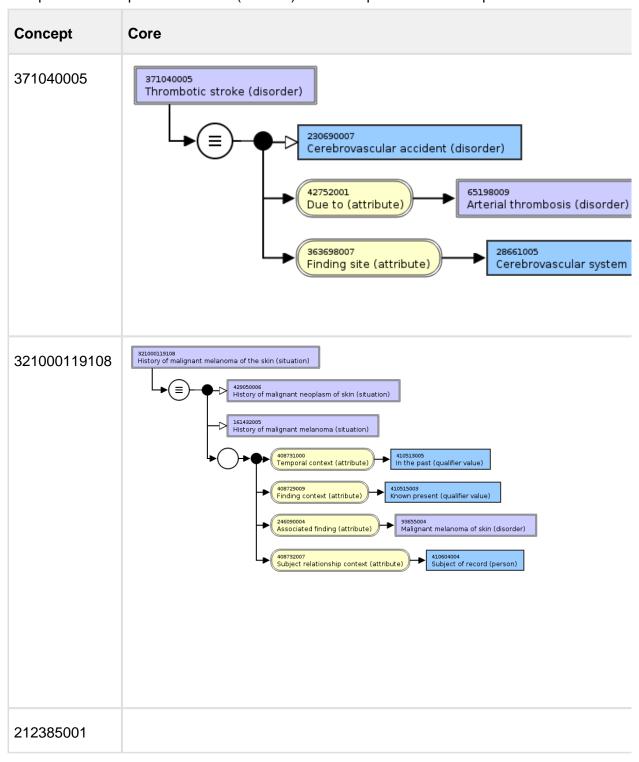


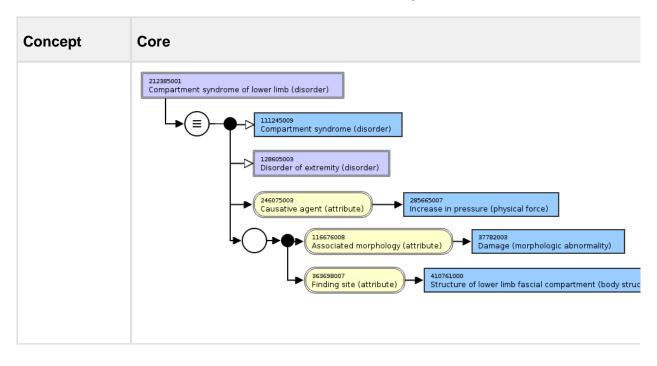
Relationship Type	Number of relationships	
After	12	
Associated finding	69	
Associated morphology	263	
Associated procedure	50	
Associated with	11	
Causative agent	43	
Clinical course	24	

Component	1
Direct device	4
Direct morphology	17
Direct substance	1
Due to	24
Finding context	69
Finding site	331
Has active ingredient	3
Has definitional manifestation	17
Has dose form	2
Has focus	3
Has intent	11
Has interpretation	3
Has specimen	3
Interprets	27
ls a	2209
Method	90
MOVED FROM	32
Occurrence	94
Pathological process	37

PBCL flag true	2860
Procedure context	53
Procedure site	6
Procedure site - Direct	70
Procedure site - Indirect	3
Route of administration	1
Severity	7
Specimen source identity	1
Specimen source topography	1
Specimen substance	1
Subject relationship context	122
Surgical approach	1
Temporal context	122
Using access device	3
Using device	7
Using substance	6

#### Comparison Examples - Published (inferred) relationships for Core concepts





### 5 Additional Observations

The following details are only exemplars of the observations made, and by no means comprehensive.

### 6 Extensions vs Editions

Of the 9 releases looked at:

- Four published Editions
- Three publish Extensions
- One publishes three separate extensions.
- One publishes an extension, "bundled" with the International Edition.

#### 6.1 File naming

The file naming conventions, do not appear to be consistent across the extensions.

- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_AU1000036\_20161231.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_en-CanadianExtension\_20161031.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_DK1000005\_20161130.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_LT1000092\_20151107.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_NL\_20160930.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_SE1000052\_20161130.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_GB1000000\_20161001.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_US1000124\_20160901.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_es-UruguayExtension\_20161215.txt
- sct2\_Concept\_Snapshot\_INT\_20160731.txt

#### 6.2 Directory structure

Some variation was noticed in the the directory structure within the published zip files. Below are the paths the the snapshot concepts file in each release.

- \SnomedCT\_Release\_AU1000036\_20161231\RF2Release\Snapshot\Terminology
- \SnomedCT\_Canadian\_EnglishExtension\_Release\_20161031\Snapshot\Terminology
- \SnomedCT\_ManagedServiceDK\_Production\_DK1000005\_20161130\Snapshot\Terminol
- \SnomedCT\_RF2Release\_LT1000092\_20151107\Snapshot\Terminology
- \SnomedCT\_Netherlands\_EditionRelease\_20160930\Snapshot\Terminology

- \SnomedCT\_SE\_Production\_20161130T170000\Snapshot\Terminology
- \SnomedCT\_RF2Release\_GB1000000\_20161001\Snapshot\Terminology
- \SnomedCT\_RF2Release\_US1000124\_20160901\Snapshot\Terminology
- \SnomedCT\_Uruguay\_Extension\_Release\_20161215\Snapshot\Terminology

#### 6.3 Specific file inclusions

The international release includes 6 files - Concepts, Description, Relationship, StatedRelationship, Identifier and TextDefinition files - within the "Terminology Folder" The files are not consistently present in extensions.

	Concept	Description	Relationship	StatedRelationship	Identifier	Tex
Australia	1	1	1		1	
Candana*	1	1	1	1		1
Denmark**	1	2	1	1	1	2
Lithuania	1	1	1			
Netherlands	1	1	1			1
Sweden**	1	2	1	1	1	
UK	1	1	1	1		
USA	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uruguay	1	1	1	1		1

<sup>\*</sup> Canada include a French and English bundle.

Denmark and USA are the countries to include all 6 files.

Further variations are present amongst within the *refset* subdirectory.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Sweden and Denmark include both an English and Native language Description file.

### 6.4 Miscelaneous QA issues

The description file for one extension for found to be missing the language code for 268 entries. (The country was notified and have rectified).

#### 7 Conclusion

- The analysis described above is reveals a wealth of information. There is evidence of duplication of content in almost every heiarchy, the extent of which likely to be much greater given the primitive analysis techniques used.
- There is value to the whole SNOMED CT community to introduce a process for content to be promoted through to core. This process should honour the identifiers issued by an extension builder, so as to minimise maintenance burden of the originating extension, and recognising their effort. The current process is prohibitive to promoting content, and consequently content is duplicated across extensions, the potential maintenance debt grows.
- Almost all NRCs are actively modifying core content. Which proves the importance of
  clarifying the issues raised in the Discussion Paper Allowance of Extensions to Modify
  Core Content (SNOMED International Response). It seems Members have taken a
  different interpretation of the license to that held by the governing body, and this
  discrepancy has never been recognised.
- Variations in the artefacts published by NRCs exist. No comment is made about compliance with Technical Specifications, but such variances may impact portability of software that consumes SNOMED CT. Some sort of certification/verification process asserting a minimum conformance criteria would prove valuable.
- All the issues described here may just as likely apply to other (affiliate) extensions, however will remain unknown without systematic investigation.
- The issues described are real and Members are currently struggling to deal with.
   Prolonging their resolution introduces a cost to all.

### 8 Endnotes

<sup>1</sup>The author recalls a requirement that a US spelling 'en' FSN should be created for all concepts, but unable to identify this in current specification. Is this still a requirement?